

AS 2021 PRELIMS SAMP© PRA



PRELIMS SAMPOORNA

As IAS prelims 2021 is knocking at the door, jitters and anxiety is a common emotion that an aspirant feels. But if we analyze the whole journey, these last few days act most crucial in your preparation. This is the time when one should muster all their strength and give the final punch required to clear this exam. But the main task here is to consolidate the various resources that an aspirant is referring to.

GS SCORE brings to you, **Prelims Sampoorna**, a series of all value-added resources in your prelims preparation, which will be your one-stop solution and will help in reducing your anxiety and boost your confidence. As the name suggests, **Prelims Sampoorna** is a holistic program, which has 360-degree coverage of high-relevance topics.

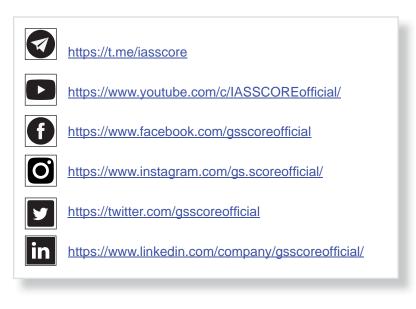
It is an outcome-driven initiative that not only gives you downloads of all resources which you need to summarize your preparation but also provides you with **All India open prelims mock tests series** in order to assess your learning. Let us summarize this initiative, which will include:

- **GS Score UPSC Prelims 2021 Yearly Current Affairs Compilation of All 9 Subjects**
- **D** Topic-wise Prelims Fact Files (Approx. 40)
- Geography Through Maps (6 Themes)
- Map Based Questions
- ALL India Open Prelims Mock Tests Series including 10 Tests

Compilation of Previous Year Questions with Detailed Explanation

We will be uploading all the resources on a regular basis till your prelims exam. To get the maximum benefit of the initiative keep visiting the website.

To receive all updates through notification, subscribe:





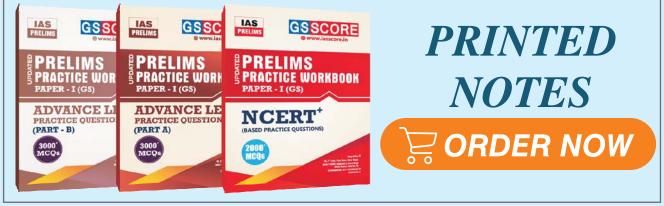


Target PT QUICK REVISION NOTES

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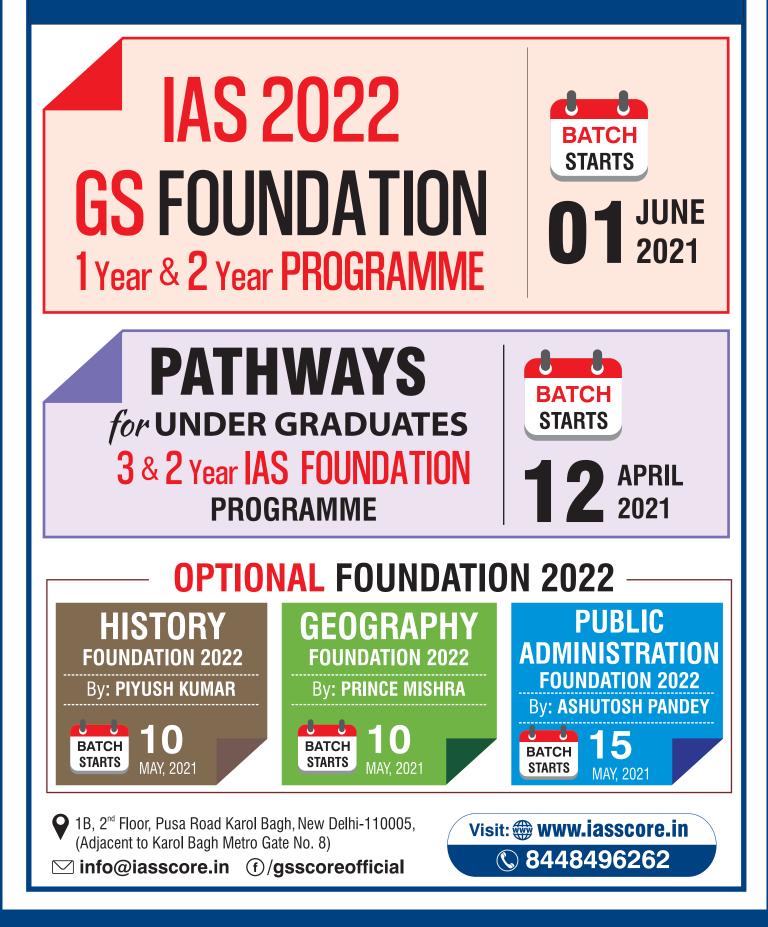
PRINTED NOTES

UPDATED PRELIMS PRACTICE WORKBOOK





IAS 2022 GS FOUNDATION



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IAS 2022 TEST SERIES

MAINS & PRELIMS





BATCH

STARTS

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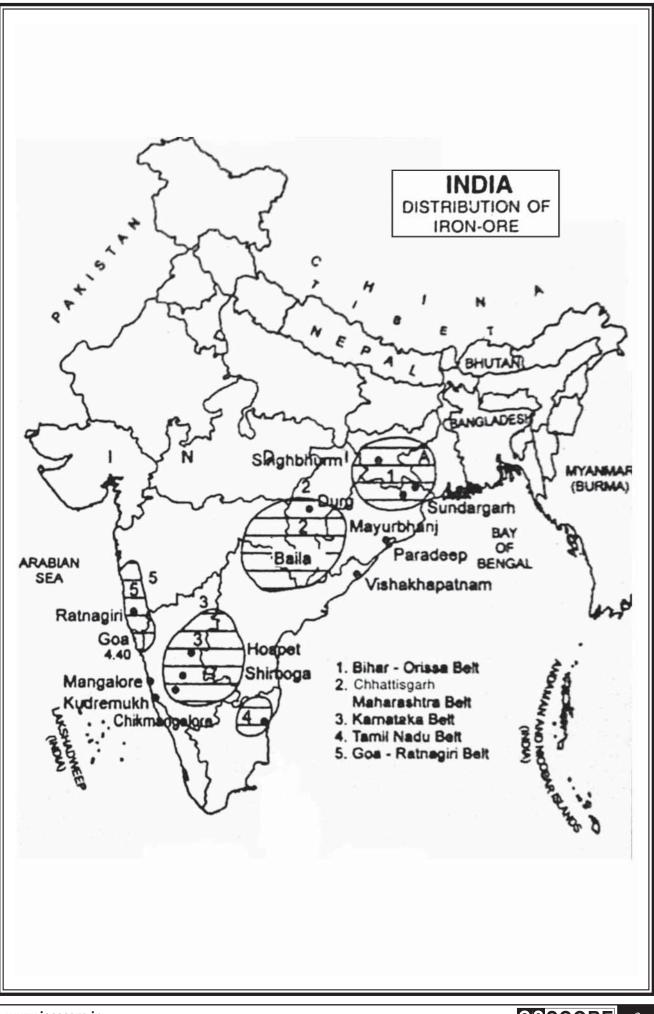
Single source for Integrated Preparation



MINERAL BELTS IN INDIA

Iron Ore Distribution

- Odisha is the leading producer of iron ore accounting for 51% of total production followed by Chhattisgarh (17%), Karnataka (14%), Jharkhand (11%) and remaining (7%) production was reported from Andhra Pradesh, Goa, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan.
- □ Geologically, iron ore is owned from following types of deposits.
- Banded Iron Formation of Precambrian age
- □ Archean schist belts: Jharkhand, Odisha, Karnataka, Chhattisgarh, Goa (high grade deposits).
- Granulite terrain of South India:Tamil Nadu and Kerala.
- Sedimentary Iron Ore Deposits of siderite and limonite composition (30–40% Fe) associated with Iron stone shales of Lower Gondwana age in coal field areas of Bihar, West Bengal, and Assam.
- □ Lateritic ores derived from the sub–aerial alteration of gneisses, schists, basic lava etc. under humid tropical condition. Deccan Trap, Chotnagpur gneisses (30–40% Fe)
- □ Apatite Magnetite Rocks of Singhbhum Copper Belt: Occur in form of a zone associated with granodiorite on the hanging wall side of Copper lodes.
- Titaniferous and Vanadiferous Magnetite deposits occurring in form of lensoidal bodies associated with intrusive ultramafic – gabbroic rocks of Singhbhum (Jharkhand), Mayurbhanj, Kendujhar (Odisha) and Southern districts of Karnataka (Hassan and Tumkuru districts).





Manganese Distribution

Major Manganese Ore mining centre across world

- D South Africa Kuruman area of Kalahari Basin.
- Gabon Moanda.
- □ **Australia** Groote Eylandt in the Gulf of Carpenteria.
- □ **Russia -** Nikopol Basin, Urals, Western and Eastern Siberia.
- □ **Brazil** The Serra doNavio and Corumba district of MatoGrosso.
- □ **Mexico** Molango region.

Manganese Ore reserves (in descending order)

- □ Odisha
- Karnataka
- Madhya Pradesh
- Maharashtra

- Madhya Pradesh
- Odisha
- Maharashtra

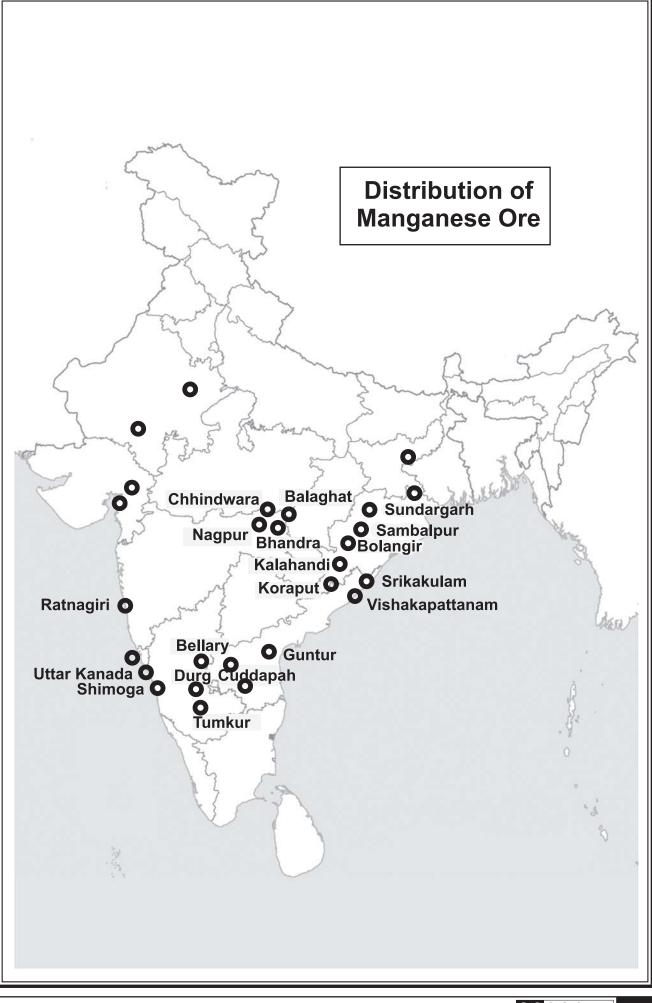
□ Karnataka

- Manganese Ore production (in descending order)

Manganese Ore has following four varieties which have commercial importance:

- Pyrolusite (the most important Manganese ore)
- D Psilomelane
- Manganite
- Braunite
- Rhodochrosite

4 **GISSCORE**



Bauxite Distribution

- Odisha alone accounts for 51% of country's resources of bauxite followed by Andhra Pradesh (16%), Gujarat (9%), Jharkhand (6%), Maharashtra (5%) and Madhya Pradesh & Chhattisgarh (4% each).
- Major bauxite resources are concentrated in the East Coast bauxite deposits in Odisha and Andhra Pradesh.
- The world bauxite reserves are estimated at 30 billion tonnes and are located mainly in Guinea (25%), Australia (20%), Vietnam (12%), Brazil (9%), Jamaica (7%), Indonesia, Guyana and China (3% each).

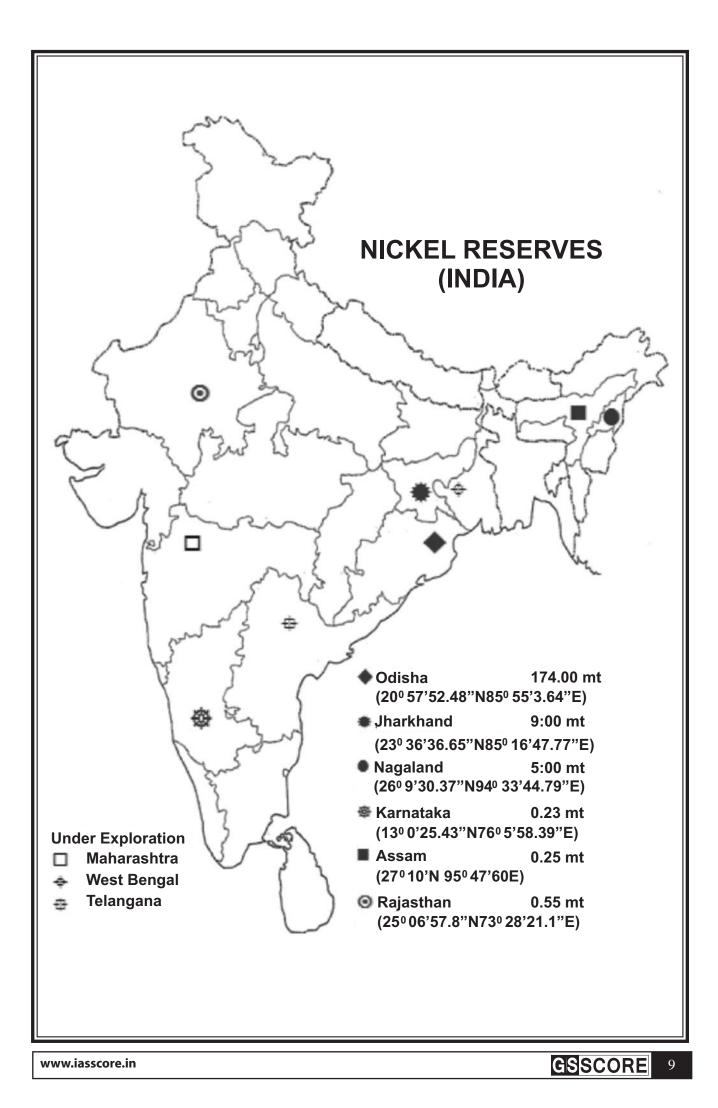
Major Bauxite Centres in India

- Disha: Kalahandi, Sambalpur, Bolangir and Koraput.
- D Jharkhand: The patlands of Jharkhand in Lohardaga.
- □ **Gujarat:** Bhavnagar, Jamnagar in Gujarat.
- Chhattisgarh: Amarkantak plateau
- D Madhya Pradesh: Katni-Jabalpur area and Balaghat.
- D Maharashtra: Kolaba, Thane, Ratnagiri, Satara, Pune and Kolhapur.
- Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Goa are minor producers of bauxite.



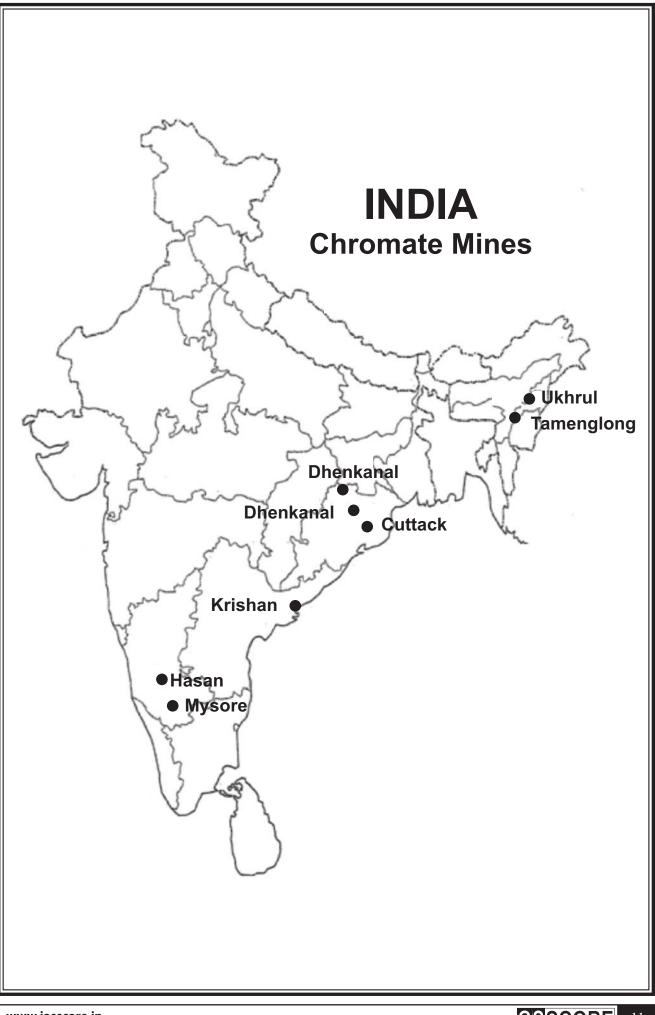
The Vindhya Range

- Nickel occurs principally as oxides, sulphides and silicates in India.
- Important occurrence is nickeliferous limonite in the overburden of chromite in Sukinda Valley, Jajpur district, Odisha.
- □ In addition, nickel is found associated with uranium deposits at Jaduguda, Jharkhand and a process are being developed for its recovery.
- Resources are spread over in Singhbhum East district of Jharkhand and Jajpur, Keonjhar&Mayurbhanj districts of Odisha.
- □ It is found as oxide in Odisha which has 93% of the India's nickel resources. In Jharkhand, nickel is found along with copper and uranium deposits.
- Nickel is also produced as a by-product of copper mining, as in the Ghatsila area of Jharkhand where nickel occurs in small quantities in the copper



Chromite Distribution

- More than 96% resources of chromite are located in Odisha, mostly in Jajpur, Kendujhar and Dhenkanal districts.
- Minor deposits are scattered over Manipur, Nagaland, Karnataka, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Telangana and Andhra Pradesh.
- At present, mining operations for chromite are restricted in the Sukinda ultramafic belt, in the BaulaNausahi chromite belt in Odisha, in Hassan district of Karnataka and minor quantity is also produced in Maharashtra.



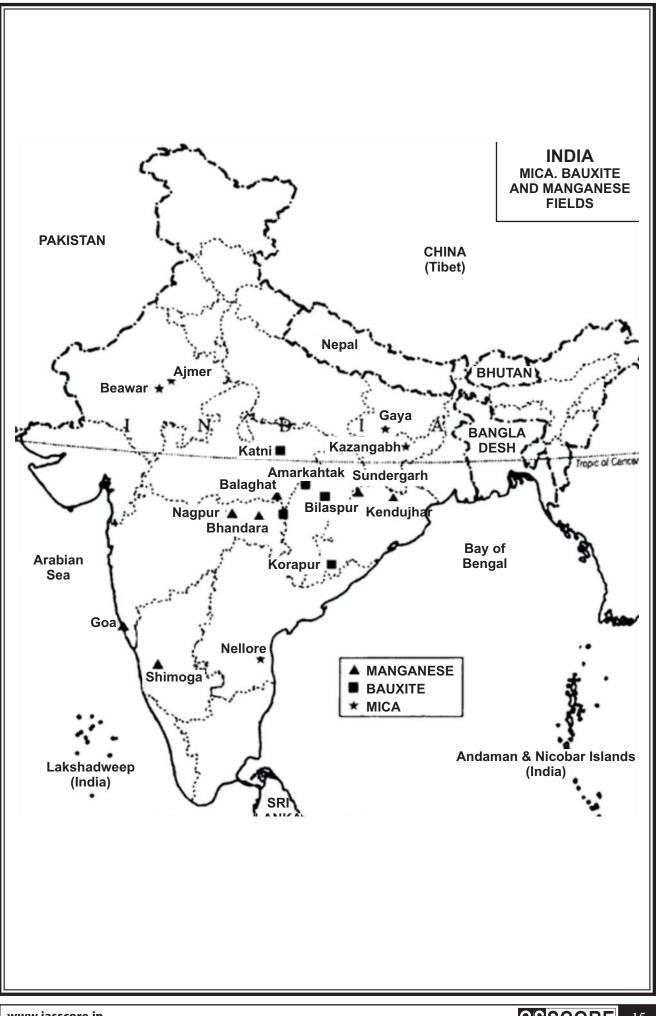
Lead and Zinc Distribution

- India has a combined zinc-lead production capacity of more than one million tonnes per annum.
- □ Rajasthan is endowed with the largest resources of lead-zinc ore in India.
- Resources are also established in Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Meghalaya, Odisha, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Uttarakhand and West Bengal.
- RampuraAgucha is zinc and lead mine in the Bhilwara district of Rajasthan, India.It has world's largest deposits of zinc and lead.
- □ Refined lead is imported from South Korea, Australia, Malaysia, UAE and Myanmar and exported to the US, South Korea, Taiwan, Vietnam & Thailand.



Mica Distribution

- □ The three major types of mica found in India are: muscovite (potash or white mica), phlogopite (magnesium or amber mica) and biotite.
- Important mica bearing pegmatite occurs in Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan and Telangana.
- □ Andhra Pradesh leads with 41% share in country's total resources followed by
- Rajasthan (28%)
- Odisha (17%)
- Maharashtra (13%)
- □ Bihar (2%) and
- □ Small quantities in Jharkhand and Telangana.



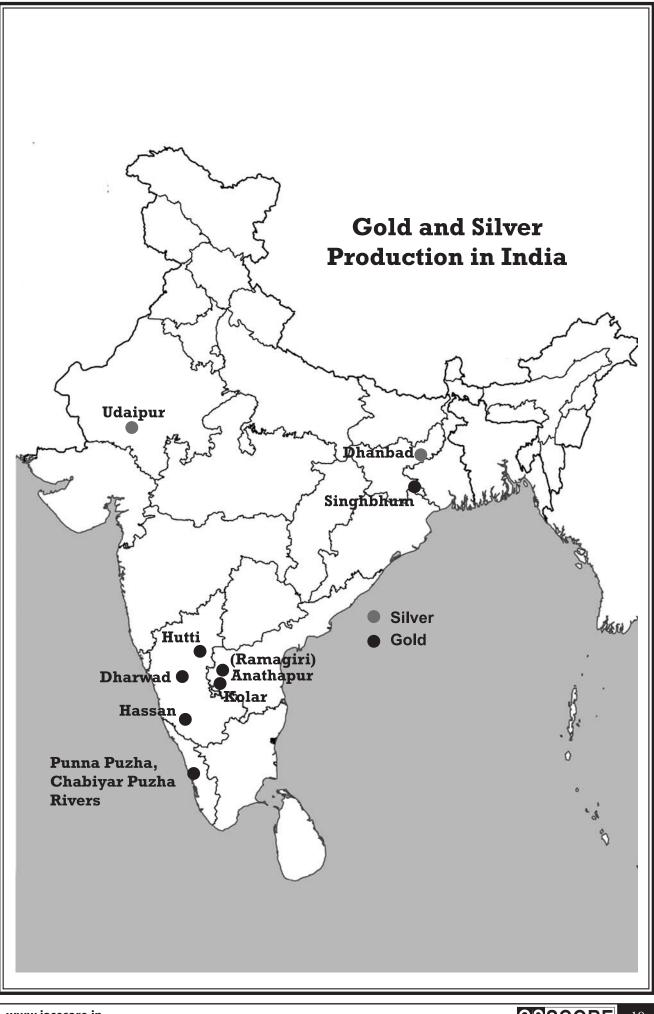
Gold Distribution

- Australia and South Africa hold a large share of the world's gold mine reserves, accounting for 10,000 metric tons and 5,300 metric tons, respectively.
- There are three gold fields in the country, namely Kolar Gold Field, Kolar district, Hutti Gold Field in Raichur district (both in Karnataka) and Ramgiri Gold Field in Anantpur district (Andhra Pradesh).
- □ Karnataka is the largest producer of gold in India.
- □ The ten largest gold mines in the world:
 - > South Deep gold mine, South Africa
 - > Grasberg gold mine, Indonesia
 - Olimpiada gold mine, Russia
 - > Lihir gold mine, Papua New Guinea
 - > Norte Abierto gold mine, Chile
 - > Carlin Trend gold mine, USA
 - > Boddington gold mine, Western Australia
 - > Mponeng gold mine, South Africa
 - > Pueblo Viejo gold mine, Dominican Republic
 - > Cortez gold mine, USA



Silver Distribution

- Mexico is the world leader in terms of silver production from mines, followed by countries such as Peru, Australia, China, Chile, Bolivia, USA and Russia among others.
- Bystates, largest resources interms of silver or eindescending order: Rajasthan > Jharkhand > Andhra Pradesh > Karnataka.
- □ In terms of production, following states are the top producer of silvers in descending order: Andhra Pradesh>Bihar-Jharkhand>Rajasthan>Karnataka.









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