Below a copy of Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, Central Board of Direct Taxes, Circular No:08/2010 (F.No:275/192/2009-IT(B) dated 13th December, 2010 regarding deduction of tax at source - Income Tax deduction from salaries during the financial year 2010-2011 under section 192 of Income Tax Act, 1961.

No: ICT/2010/GOI-97/F.R. Division.

Government of Gujarat, Finance Department, Sachivalaya, Gandhinagar. Date:29th March, 2011.

Copy for information and guidance to:

* Secretary to Governor.

Secretary to the Chief Minister.

Secretaries to All Ministers/Minister for States.

PA to All Ministers/Ministers for States.

All Administrative Departments of Secretariat.

All Heads of Departments.

The Director of Accounts & Treasuries, Gandhinagar.

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- * The Secretary, Gujarat Public Service Commission, Ahmedabad.
- * The Secretary, Gujarat Legislative Secretariat, Gandhinagar.
- * The Secretary, Gujarat Vigilance Commission, Gandhinagar.
- * The Secretary, Gujarat Civil Service Tribunal, Gandhinagar.
 All Officers of Finance Department.

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* By letter

J. M. Bhatt Section Officer, Finance Department.

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CIRCULAR NO.: 08/2010

F.No. 275/192/2009-IT(B)
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Direct Taxes

New Delhi, the 13th December, 2010

SUBJECT: INCOME-TAX DEDUCTION FROM SALARIES DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2010-2011 UNDER SECTION 192 OF THE INCOME-TAX ACT, 1961.

Reference is invited to Circular No.01/2010 dated 11.01.2010 whereby the rates of deduction of income-tax from the payment of income under the head "Salaries" under Section 192 of the Income-tax Act, 1961, during the financial year 2009-2010, were intimated. The present Circular contains the rates of deduction of income-tax from the payment of income chargeable under the head "Salaries" during the financial year 2010-2011 and explains certain related provisions of the Income-tax Act. The relevant Acts, Rules, Forms and Notifications are available at the website of the Income Tax Department-

www.incometaxindia.gov.in.

2. FINANCE ACT, 2010

As per the Finance Act, 2010, income-tax is required to be deducted under Section 192 of the Income-tax Act 1961 from income chargeable under the head "Salaries" for the financial year 2010-2011 (i.e. Assessment Year 2011-2012) at the following rates:

RATES OF INCOME-TAX

A. Normal Rates of tax:

1. Where the total income does not exceed Rs.1,60,000/-

Nil

2. Where the total income exceeds Rs.1,60,000 but does not exceed Rs.5,00,000/-

10 per cent, of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.1,60,000/-.

3. Where the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/- but does not exceed Rs.8,00,000/-

Rs.34,000/- plus 20 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/-.

4. Where the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-

Rs.94,000/- plus 30 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-.

B. Rates of tax for a woman, resident in India and below sixty-five years of age at any time during the financial year:

1. Where the total income does not exceed Rs.1,90,000/-.

Nil

2. Where the total income exceeds Rs.1,90,000 but does not exceed Rs.5,00,000/-.

10 per cent, of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.1,90,000/-

3. Where the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/- but does not exceed Rs.8,00,000/-.

Rs.31,000/- plus 20 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/-.

4. Where the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-.

Rs.91,000/- plus 30 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-.

Rates of tax for an individual, resident in India and of the age of sixty-five years or more at any time

Where the total income does not exceed Rs.2,40,000/-.

Nil

Where the total income exceeds Rs.2,40,000 but does not exceed Rs.5,00,000/-.

10 per cent, of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.2,40,000/-

Where the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/- but does not exceed Rs.8,00,000/-.

Rs.26,000/- plus 20 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000/-.

Where the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-.

Rs.86,000/- plus 30 per cent of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.8,00,000/-.

Surcharge on income tax:

There will be no surcharge on income tax payments by individual taxpayers during FY 2010-11 (AY 2011-12).

Education Cess on income tax:

The amount of income-tax shall be further increased by an additional surcharge (Education Cess on Income Tax) at the rate of two percent of the income-tax

Additional surcharge on Income Tax (Secondary and Higher Education Cess on Income-tax):

From Financial Year 2007-08 onwards, an additional surcharge is chargeable at the rate of one percent of incometax (not including the Education Cess on income tax).

Education Cess, and Secondary and Higher Education Cess are payable by both resident and non-resident assessees.

3. SECTION 192 OF THE INCOME-TAX ACT, 1961: BROAD SCHEME OF TAX DEDUCTION AT SOURCE FROM Method of Tax Calculation:

3.1 Every person who is responsible for paying any income chargeable under the head "Salaries" shall deduct income-tax on the estimated income of the assessee under the head "Salaries" for the financial year 2010-2011. The income-tax is required to be calculated on the basis of the rates given above subject to provisions of sec 206AA of the Income-tax Act and shall be deducted at the time of each payment. No tax will, however, be required to be deducted at source in any case unless the estimated salary income including the value of perquisites, for the financial year exceeds Rs.1,60,000/- or Rs.1,90,000/- or Rs.2,40,000/-, as the case may be, depending upon the gender and age of the employee.(Some typical examples of computation of tax are given at Annexure-I).

Payment of Tax on Non-monetary Perquisites by Employer:

3.2 An option has been given to the employer to pay the tax on non-monetary perquisites given to an employee. The employer may, at his option, make payment of the tax on such perquisites himself without making any TDS from the salary of the employee. The employer will have to pay such tax at the time when such tax was otherwise deductible i.e. at the time of payment of income chargeable under the head "salaries" to the employee.

Computation of Average Income Tax:

3.3 For the purpose of making the payment of tax mentioned in para 3.2 above, tax is to be determined at the average of income tax computed on the basis of rate in force for the financial year, on the income chargeable under the head "salaries", including the value of perquisites for which tax has been paid by the employer himself.

ILLUSTRATION:

Suppose that the income chargeable under the head "salaries" of a male employee below sixty-five years of age for the year inclusive of all perquisites is Rs.4,50,000/-, out of which, Rs.50,000/- is on account of non-monetary perquisites and the employer opts to pay the tax on such perquisites as per the provisions discussed in para 3.2 above.

Income Chargeable under the head "Salaries" inclusive of all perquisites:

Rs. 4,50,000

Tax on Total Salaries(including Cess):

Rs. 29,870

Average Rate of Tax [(29,870/4,50,000) X 100]:

6.63%

y time

Tax payable on Rs.50,000/= (6.63% of 50,000):

Rs. 3,315 Rs. 280(276) (3315/12)

(3315/12) **IX so paid** by the employer shall be deemed to be TDS made from the salary of the employee. **IX From More** Than One Employer:

sub-section (2) of section 192 deals with situations where an individual is working under more than one employer changed from one employer to another. It provides for deduction of tax at source by such employer (as the tax may choose) from the aggregate salary of the employee who is or has been in receipt of salary from more than one see. The employee is now required to furnish to the present/chosen employer details of the income under the head due or received from the former/other employer and also tax deducted at source there from, in writing and duly the him and by the former/other employer. The present/ chosen employer will be required to deduct tax at source the aggregate amount of salary (including salary received from the former or other employer).

Relief When Salary Paid in Arrear or Advance:

3.5 Under sub-section (2A)of section 192 where the assessee, being a Government servant or an employee in a company, co-operative society, local authority, university, institution, association or body is entitled to the relief under section (1) of Section 89, he may furnish to the person responsible for making the payment referred to in Para (3.1), seek particulars in Form No. 10E duly verified by him, and thereupon the person responsible as aforesaid shall compute the relief on the basis of such particulars and take the same into account in making the deduction under Para(3.1) above.

Explanation: For this purpose "University means a University established or incorporated by or under a Central, **State or Provincial** Act, and includes an institution declared under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, **1956(3 of 1956)**, to be University for the purposes of the Act.

With effect from 1/04/2010 (AY 2010-11), no such relief shall be granted in respect of any amount received or receivable by an assessee on his voluntary retirement or termination of his service, in accordance with any scheme or schemes of voluntary retirement or in the case of a public sector company referred to in subclause (i) of clause (10C) of section 10 (read with Rule 2BA), a scheme of voluntary separation, if an exemption in respect of any amount received or receivable on such voluntary retirement or termination of his service or woluntary separation has been claimed by the assessee under clause (10C) of section 10 in respect of such, or any other, assessment year.

3.6 (i) Sub-section (2B) of section 192 enables a taxpayer to furnish particulars of income under any head other than Salaries" and of any tax deducted at source thereon. Form no. 12C, which was earlier prescribed for furnishing such particulars, has since been omitted from the Income Tax Rules by the IT (24th amendment) Rules, 2003, w.e.f. 01.10.2003. However, the particulars may now be furnished in a simple statement, which is properly verified by the taxpayer in the same manner as was required to be done in Form 12C.

(ii) Such income should not be a loss under any such head other than the loss under the head "Income from House Property" for the same financial year. The person responsible for making payment (DDO) shall take such other income and tax deducted at source, if any, from such income and the loss, if any, under the head "Income from House Property" into account for the purpose of computing tax deductible under section 192 of the Income-tax Act. However, this subsection shall not in any case have the effect of reducing the tax deductible (except where the loss under the head "Income from House Property" has been taken into account) from income under the head "Salaries" below the amount that would be so deductible if the other income and the tax deducted thereon had not been taken into account. In other words, the DDO can take into account any loss (negative income) only under the head "income from House Property" and no other head for working out the amount of total tax to be deducted. While taking into account the loss from House Property, the DDO shall ensure that the assessee files the declaration referred to above and encloses therewith a computation of such loss from House Property.

(iii) Sub-section (2C) lays down that a person responsible for paying any income chargeable under the head "salaries" half furnish to the person to whom such payment is made a statement giving correct and complete particulars of perquisites or profits in lieu of salary provided to him and the value thereof in form no. 12BA (Annexure-II). Form no. 12BA alongwith form no. 16, as issued by the employer, are required to be produced on demand before the Assessing Officer in terms of Section 139C of the Income Tax Act.

Conditions for Claim of Deduction of Interest on Borrowed Capital for Computation of Income From House **Property**

3.7 (i) For the purpose of computing income / loss under the head `Income from House Property' in respect of a self-occupied residential house, a normal deduction of Rs.30,000/- is allowable in respect of interest on borrowed capital. However, a deduction on account of interest up to a maximum limit of Rs.1,50,000/- is available if such loan has

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for ites been taken on or after 1.4.1999 for constructing or acquiring the residential house and the construction or acquisition of the residential unit out of such loan has been completed within three years from the end of the financial year in which capital was borrowed. Such higher deduction is not allowable in respect of interest on capital borrowed for the purposes of repairs or renovation of an existing residential house. To claim the higher deduction in respect of interest upto Rs.1,50,000/-,the employee should furnish a certificate from the person to whom any interest is payable on the capital borrowed, specifying the amount of interest payable by such employee for the purpose of construction or acquisition of the residential house or for conversion of a part or whole of the capital borrowed, which remains to be repaid as a new loan.

3.7 (ii)The essential conditions for availing higher deduction of interest of Rs.1,50,000/- in respect of a sclf-occupied residential house are that the amount of capital must have been borrowed on or after 01.4.1999 and the acquisition or construction of residential house must have been completed within three years from the end of the financial year in which capital was borrowed. There is no stipulation regarding the date of commencement of construction. Consequently, the construction of the residential house could have commenced before 01.4.1999 but, as long as its construction/ acquisition is completed within three years, from the end of the financial year in which capital was borrowed the higher deduction would be available in respect of the capital borrowed after 1.4.1999. It may also be noted that there is no stipulation regarding the construction/ acquisition of the residential unit being entirely financed by capital borrowed on or after 01.4.1999. The loan taken prior to 01.4.1999 will carry deduction of interest up to Rs.30,000/- only. However, in any case the total amount of deduction of interest on borrowed capital will not exceed Rs.1,50,000/- in a year.

Adjustment for Excess or Shortfall of Deduction:

3.8 The provisions of sub-section (3) of Section 192 allow the deductor to make adjustments for any excess or shortfall in the deduction of tax already made during the financial year, in subsequent deductions for that employee within that financial year itself.

TDS on Payment of Accumulated Balance Under Recognised Provident Fund and contribution from Approved Superannuation Fund:

- 3.9 The trustees of a Recognized Provident Fund, or any person authorized by the regulations of the Fund to make payment of accumulated balances due to employees, shall, in cases where sub-rule(1) of rule 9 of Part A of the Fourth Schedule to the Act applies, at the time when the accumulated balance due to an employee is paid, make there from the deduction specified in rule 10 of Part A of the Fourth Schedule to the Act.
- 3.10 Where any contribution made by an employer, including interest on such contributions, if any, in an approved Superannuation Fund is paid to the employee, tax on the amount so paid shall be deducted by the trustees of the Fund to the extent provided in rule 6 of Part B of the Fourth Schedule to the Act.

Salary Paid in Foreign Currency:

3.11 For the purposes of deduction of tax on salary payable in foreign currency, the value in rupees of such salary shall be calculated at the prescribed rate of exchange.

4. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEDUCTING TAX AND THEIR DUTIES:

- 4.1. Under clause (i) of Section 204 of the Act the "persons responsible for paying" for the purpose of Section 192 means the employer himself or if the employer is a Company, the Company itself including the Principal Officer thereof.
 - 4.2. The tax determined as per para 6 should be deducted from the salary u/s 192 of the Act.

Deduction of Tax at Lower Rate:

4.3. Section 197 enables the tax-payer to make an application in form No.13 to his Assessing Officer, and, if the Assessing Officer is satisfied that the total income of the tax-payer justifies the deduction of income-tax at any lower rate or no deduction of income tax, he may issue an appropriate certificate to that effect which should be taken into account by the Drawing and Disbursing Officer while deducting tax at source. In the absence of such a certificate furnished by the employee, the employer should deduct income tax on the salary payable at the normal rates: (Circular No. 147 dated 28.10.1974.)

Deposit of Tax Deducted:

- 4.4. Rule 30 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, as amended by S.O. 1261(E), Notification dated 31.05.2010, prescribes mode of payment of tax deducted to the account of Central Government as detailed below:
 - 4.4.1. (a) The Tax deducted at source in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XVII-B of the Income tax Act, 1961 by an office of the Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central Government?
 - (i) on the same day where the tax is paid without production of an income tax challan; and



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- on or before seven days from the end of the month in which the deduction is made or income-tax is due under sub?section (1A) of section 192, where tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
- The Tax deducted at source in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XVII-B of the Income tax Act, 1961 by deductors other than an office of the Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central Government?
 - (i) on or before 30th day of April where the income or amount is credited or paid in the month of March; and
 - (ii) in any other case, on or before seven days from the end of the month in which the deduction is made; or income?tax is due under sub?section (1A) of section 192.
- Notwithstanding anything contained in (b) above, in special cases, the Assessing Officer may, with the prior approval of the Joint Commissioner, permit quarterly payment of the tax deducted under section 192 or section 194A or section 194D or section 194H for the quarters of the financial year specified to in column (2) of the Table below by the date referred to in column (3) of the said Table:?

TABLE

Quarter of the financial year ended on (2)

30th June 30th September 31st December 31st March Date for quarterly payment (3)

7th July 7th October 7th January 30th April

Mode of Payment of TDS

4.4.2. In the case of an office of the Government, where tax has been paid to the credit of the Central Government without the production of a challan, the Pay and Accounts Officer or the Treasury Officer or the Cheque Drawing and Cisbursing Officer or any other person by whatever name called to whom the deductor reports the tax so deducted and its responsible for crediting such sum to the credit of the Central Government, shall?

- (a) submit a statement in Form No. 24G within ten days from the end of the month to the agency authorised by the Director General of Income?tax (Systems) in respect of tax deducted by the deductors and reported to him for that month; and
 - (b) intimate the number (hereinafter referred to as the Book Identification Number or BIN generated by the agency to each of the deductors in respect of whom the sum deducted has been credited. BIN consist of receipt number of Form 24G, DDO sequence number and date on which tax is deposited.

For the purpose of the above, the Director General of Income?tax (Systems) shall specify the procedures, formats standards for ensuring secure capture and transmission of data, and shall also be responsible for the day?to?day standards in relation to furnishing the information in the manner so specified.

*4.3 (i) Where tax has been deposited accompanied by an income?tax challan, the amount of tax so deducted or the shall be deposited to the credit of the Central Government by remitting it within the time specified above into any of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank;

(ii) In case of a company and a person (other than a company), to whom provisions of section 44AB are applicable, the amount deducted shall be electronically remitted into the Reserve Bank of India or the State Bank of India or any suthorised bank accompanied by an electronic income tax challan.

For the purpose of this rule, the amount shall be construed as electronically remitted to the Reserve Bank of India or to any authorised bank, if the amount is remitted by way of:

(a) internet banking facility of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank; or (b) debit card.

interest, Penalty & Prosecution for Failure to Deposit Tax Deducted:

If a person fails to deduct the whole or any part of the tax at source, or, after deducting, fails to pay the whole or any of the tax to the credit of the Central Government within the prescribed time, he shall be liable to action in fance with the provisions of section 201. Sub-section (1A) of section 201 lays down that such person shall be liable simple interest (i) at one percent for every month or part of the month on the amount of such tax from the date on such tax was deductible to the date on which such tax is deducted and (ii) at one and one-half percent for every part of a month on the amount of such tax from the date on which such tax was deducted to the date on which

such tax is actually paid. Such interest, if chargeable, has to be paid before furnishing of quarterly statement of TDS for each quarter. Section 271C lays down that if any person fails to deduct whole or any part of tax at source or fails to pay the whole or part of tax deducted, he shall be liable to pay, by way of penalty, a sum equal to the amount of tax not deducted or paid by him. Further, section 276B lays down that if a person fails to pay to the credit of the Central Government within the prescribed time the tax deducted at source by him, he shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall be between 3 months and 7 years, along with fine.

Furnishing of Certificate for Tax Deducted:

- 4.6.1 According to the provisions of section 203, every person responsible for deducting tax at source is required to furnish a certificate in Form 16 to the payee to the effect that tax has been deducted and to specify therein the amount deducted and certain other particulars. The certificates in Forms 16 specified above shall be furnished to the employee by 31st day of May of the financial year immediately following the financial year in which the income was paid and tax deducted. Due care should be taken indicating correct CIN/ BIN in TDS certificate. Even the banks deducting tax at the time of payment of pension are required to issue such certificates. The Form16 has been revised and TDS certificated only determine tax payable on total income and tax deducted is to be reported in annexure 'A' and 'B' of the Form 16 (revised Form 16 annexed to Notification dated 31.05.2010 is enclosed). The certificate in Form 16 shall specify
 - (a) valid permanent account number (PAN) of the deductee;
 - (b) valid tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) of the deductor;
 - (c) (i) book identification number or numbers where deposit of tax deducted is without production of challan in case of an office of the Government;
 - (ii) challan identification number or numbers in case of payment through bank.
 - (d) receipt numbers of all the relevant quarterly statements in case the statement referred to in clause (i) is for tax dedected at source from income chargeable under the head "Salaries". The receipt number of the quarterly statement is of 8 digit.

It may be noted that under the new TDS procedure, the accuracy and availability of TAN, PAN and receipt number of TDS statement filed by the deductor will be unique identifier for granting online credit for TDS. Hence due care should be taken in filling these particulars.

It is, however, clarified that there is no obligation to issue the TDS certificate in case tax at source is not deductible/deducted by virtue of claims of exemptions and deductions.

- 4.6.2. If an assessee is employed by more than one employer during the year, each of the employers shall issue Part A of the certificate in Form No. 16 pertaining to the period for which such assessee was employed with each of the employers and Part B may be issued by each of the employers or the last employer at the option of the assessee.
- 4.6.3. The employer may issue a duplicate certificate in Form No. 16 if the deductee has lost the original certificate so issued and makes a request for issuance of a duplicate certificate and such duplicate certificate is certified as duplicate by the deductor.
- 4.6.4. (i) Where a certificate is to be furnished in Form No. 16, the deductor may, at his option, use **digital signatures** to authenticate such certificates.
 - (ii) In case of certificates issued under clause (i), the deductor shall ensure that
 - (a) the conditions prescribed in para 4.6.1 above are complied with;
 - (b) once the certificate is digitally signed, the contents of the certificates are not amenable to change; and
 - (c) the certificates have a control number and a log of such certificates is maintained by the deductor.

Explanation. For the purpose of this rule, challan identification number (CIN) means the number comprising the Basic Statistical Returns (BSR) Code of the Bank branch where the tax has been deposited, the date on which the tax has been deposited and challan serial number given by the bank.

4.6.5. As per section 192, the responsibility of providing correct and complete particulars of perquisites or profits in lieu of salary given to an employee is placed on the person responsible for paying such income i.e., the person responsible for deducting tax at source. The form and manner of such particulars are prescribed in Rule 26A, Form 12BA and Form 16 of the Income-tax Rules. Information relating to the nature and value of perquisites is to be provided by the employer in Form no. 12BA in case of salary paid or payable is above Rs.1,60,000/-. In other cases, the information would have to be provided by the employer in Form 16 itself. In either case, Form 16 with Form 12BA or Form 16 by itself will have to be furnished within a period of one month from the end of relevant financial year.

3.3 of this circular, shall furnish to the employee concerned a certificate to the effect that tax has been paid and Government and specify the amount so paid, the rate at which tax has been paid and certain other in the amended Form 16.

The obligation cast on the employer under Section 192(2C) for furnishing a statement showing the value of provided to the employee is a serious responsibility of the employer, which is expected to be discharged in new with law and rules of valuation framed there under. Any false information, fabricated documentation or sion of requisite information will entail consequences thereof provided under the law. The certificates in Forms 16 above shall be furnished to the employee by 31st day of May of the financial year immediately following the year in which the income was paid and tax deducted. If he fails to issue these certificates to the person concerned, by section 203, he will be liable to pay, by way of penalty, under section 272A, a sum which shall be for every day during which the failure continues.

indatory Quoting of PAN and TAN:

According to the provisions of section 203A of the Income-tax Act, it is obligatory for all persons responsible for ing tax at source to obtain and quote the Tax-deduction Account No. (TAN) in the challans, TDS-certificates, into and other documents. Detailed instructions in this regard are available in this Department's Circular No.497 275/118/87-IT(B) dated 9.10.1987). If a person fails to comply with the provisions of section 203A, he will be liable by way of penalty, under section 272BB, a sum of ten thousand rupees. Similarly, as per Section 139A(5B), it is ory for persons deducting tax at source to quote PAN of the persons from whose income tax has been deducted in tement furnished u/s 192(2C), certificates furnished u/s 203 and all returns prepared and delivered as per the ions of section 200(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

2 All tax deductors/collectors are required to file the TDS returns in Form No.24Q (for tax deducted from salaries). requirement of filing TDS/TCS certificates has been done away with, the lack of PAN of deductees is creating lies in giving credit for the tax deducted. Tax deductors and tax collectors are, therefore, advised to quote correct tails of all deductees in the TDS returns for salaries in Form 24Q. Taxpayers liable to TDS are also advised to their correct PAN with their deductors, It may be noted that non-furnishing of PAN by the deductee (employee) to the total result in deduction of TDS at higher rates u/s 206AA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 mentioned below.

Section 206AA.

Finance Act (No. 2) 2009, w.e.f. 01/04/2010 has inserted sec. 206AA in the Income-tax Act which makes of PAN by the employee compulsory in case of payments liable to TDS. If employee (deductee) fails to furnish to the deductor, the deductor shall make TDS at a higher of the following rates

the rate specified in the relevant provision of this Act; or

at the rate or rates in force; or

the rate of twenty per cent.

The deductor has to determine the tax amount in all the three conditions and apply the higher rate of TDS. This applies to any person entitled to receive any sum or income or amount, on which tax is deductible under Chapter Income Tax Act. As chapter XVII-B covers all Payments including Salaries, Salaries are also covered by 206AA. In case of salaries there can be following situations

- a) Where the income of the employee computed for TDS u/s 192 is below taxable limit.
- b) Where the income of the employee computed for TDS u/s 192 is above taxable limit.

by the employee, the deductor will calculate the average rate of income-tax based on rates in force as the second case, if PAN is not by the employee, the deductor will calculate the average rate of income-tax based on rates in force as the sec 192. If the tax so calculated is below 20%, deduction of tax will be made at the rate of 20% and in case rate exceeds 20%, tax is to deducted at the average rate. Education cess@ 2% and Secondary and case the TDS is deducted at 20% u/s 206AA of the Income-

terly Statement of TDS:

telement of deduction of tax under subsection (3) of section 200.

The person deducting the tax (employer in case of salary income), is required to file Quarterly Statements of 24Q for the periods ending on 30th June, 30th September, 31st December and 31st March of each financial certified, to the Director General of Income Tax (Systems) or M/s National Securities Depository Ltd (NSDL).

The person deducting the tax (employer in case of salary income), is required to file Quarterly Statements of the 21st December and 31st March of each financial (NSDL).

The person deducting the tax (employer in case of salary income), is required to file Quarterly Statements of a case of salary income).

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first three quarters of the financial year and on or before the 15th May following the last quarter of the financial year. The requirement of filing an annual return of TDS has been done away with w.e.f. 1.4.2006. The quarterly statement for the last quarter filed in Form 24Q (as amended by Notification No. S.O.704(E) dated 12.5.2006) shall be treated as the annual return of TDS.

- 4.9.2. The statements referred above may be furnished in paper form or electronically in accordance with the procedures, formats and standards specified by the Director General of Income?tax (Systems) along with the verification of the statement in Form 27A.
- 4.9.3. It is now mandatory for all Govt. deductors or companies or other deductors who are required to get their accounts audited under section 44AB of the Income Tax Act or where the number of deductee's records in a statement for any quarter of the financial year are twenty or more to file, quarterly statements of TDS on computer media only in accordance with the "Electronic Filing of Returns of Tax Deducted at Source Scheme, 2003" as notified vide Notification No. S.O. 974 (E) dated 26.8.2003 read with Notification No. SO 1261(E) dated 31.05.2010. The quarterly statements are to be filed by such deductors in electronic format with the e-TDS Intermediary at any of the TIN Facilitation Centres, particulars of which are available at www.incometaxindia.gov.in and at https://tin-nsdl.com. If a person fails to furnish the quarterly statements in due time, he shall be liable to pay by way of penalty under section 272A(2)(k), a sum which shall be Rs.100/- for every day during which the failure continues. However, this sum shall not exceed the amount of tax which was deductible at source.
 - 4.9.4. At the time of preparing statements of tax deducted, the deductor is required to quote
 - (i) his tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) in the statement;
 - (ii) quote his permanent account number (PAN) in the statement except in the case where the deductor is an office of the Government. In case of Government deductors "PANNOTREQD" to be quoted in the eTDS statement.
 - (iii) quote the permanent account number of all deductees;
 - (iv) furnish particulars of the tax paid to the Central Government including book identification number or challan identification number, as the case may be.
- 4.10. A return filed on the prescribed computer readable media shall be deemed to be a return for the purposes of section 200(3) and the Rules made there under, and shall be admissible in any proceeding there under, without further proof of production of the original, as evidence of any contents of the original.

TDS on Income from Pension:

4.11. In the case of pensioners who receive their pension from a nationalized bank, the instructions contained in this circular shall apply in the same manner as they apply to salary-income. The deductions from the amount of pension under section 80C on account of contribution to Life Insurance, Provident Fund, NSC etc., if the pensioner furnishes the relevant details to the banks, may be allowed. Necessary instructions in this regard were issued by the Reserve Bank of India to the State Bank of India and other nationalized Banks vide RBI's Pension Circular(Central Series) No.7/C.D.R./1992 (Ref. CO: DGBA: GA (NBS) No.60/GA.64(11CVL)-/92) dated the 27th April, 1992, and, these instructions should be followed by all the branches of the Banks, which have been entrusted with the task of payment of pensions. Further all branches of the banks are bound u/s 203 to issue certificate of tax deducted in Form 16 to the pensioners also vide CBDT circular no. 761 dated 13.1.98.

New Pension Scheme

The New Pension Scheme(NPS) has become operational since 1st Jan, 2004 and is mandatory for all new recruits to the Central Government Services from 1st January, 2004. Since then it has been opened to employees of State Governments, Private Sector and **Self Employed** (both organized and unorganized).

The income received by the NPS trust is exempt. The NPS trust is exempted from the Dividend Distribution Tax and is also exempt from the Securities Transaction Tax on all purchases and sales of equities and derivatives. The NPS trust will also receive income without tax deduction at source. The above amendments are retrospectively effective from 1/4/09 (AY 2009-10) onwards

- 4.12. Where Non-Residents are deputed to work in India and taxes are borne by the employer, if any refund becomes due to the employee after he has already left India and has no bank account in India by the time the assessment orders are passed, the refund can be issued to the employer as the tax has been borne by it: Circular No. 707 dated 11.7.1995.
- 4.13 In respect of non-residents, the salary paid for services rendered in India shall be regarded as income earned in India. It has been specifically provided in the Act that any salary payable for rest period or leave period which is both

Receded by service in India and forms part of the service contract of employment will also be regarded as **In India**.

TATION OF INCOME UNDER THE HEAD "SALARIES" the chargeable under the head "Salaries".

following income shall be chargeable to income-tax under the head "Salaries":

any salary due from an employer or a former employer to an assessee in the previous year, whether paid or **not**;

any salary paid or allowed to him in the previous year by or on behalf of an employer or a former employer though not due or before it became due to him.

any arrears of salary paid or allowed to him in the previous year by or on behalf of an employer or a former employer, if not charged to income-tax for any earlier previous year.

the removal of doubts, it is clarified that where any salary paid in advance is included in the total income of for any previous year it shall not be included again in the total income of the person when the salary becomes alary, bonus, commission or remuneration, by whatever name called, due to, or received by, a partner of a firm shall not be regarded as "Salary".

lition of Salary:

salary" includes wages, fees, commissions, perquisites, profits in lieu of, or, in addition to salary, advance of ulty or pension, gratuity, payments in respect of encashment of leave etc. It also includes the annual accretion ployee's account in a recognized provident fund to the extent it is chargeable to tax under rule 6 of Part A of the leadule of the Income-tax Act. Contributions made by the employer to the account of the employee in a recognized fund in excess of 12% of the salary of the employee, along with interest applicable, shall be included in the the assessee for the previous year. Any contribution made by the Central Government or any other to the account of the employee under the New Pension Scheme as notified vide Notification No. F.N. 5/BBPR dated 22.12.2003(enclosed as Annexure-IVA) referred to in section 80CCD (para 5.4(C) of this shall also be included in the salary income. Other items included in salary, profits in lieu of salary and the described in Section 17 of the Income-tax Act. It may be noted that, since salary includes pensions, tax at the to be deducted from pension also, if otherwise called for. However, no tax is required to be deducted included portion of pension which is exempt, as explained in clause (3) of para 5.2 of this Circular.

17 defines the terms "salary", "perquisite" and "profits in lieu of salary".

isite includes:

The value of rent free accommodation provided to the employee by his employer;

the value of any concession in the matter of rent in respect of any accommodation provided to the employee by his employer;

The value of any benefit or amenity granted or provided free of cost or at concessional rate in any of the following cases:

- By a company to an employee who is a director of such company;
- By a company to an employee who has a substantial interest in the company;
- By an employer (including a company) to an employee, who is not covered by (i) or (ii) above and whose income under the head Salaries (whether due from or paid or allowed by one or more employers), exclusive of the value of all benefits and amenities not provided by way of monetary payment, exceeds Rs.50,000/-.

Any sum paid by the employer in respect of any obligation which would have been paid by the assessee.

Any sum payable by the employer, whether directly or through a fund, other than a recognized provident fund funds an approved superannuation fund or other specified funds u/s 17, to effect an assurance on the life of an assurance or to effect a contract for an annuity.

With effect from 1/04/2010 (AY 2010-11) it is further clarified that the value of any specified security or awat equity shares allotted or transferred, directly or indirectly, by the employer, or former employer, as of cost or at concessional rate to the assessee, shall be constituted as perquisites in the hand of apployees.

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- (a) "specified security" means the securities as defined in clause (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956) and, where employees' stock option has been granted under any plan or scheme therefore, includes the securities offered under such plan or scheme;
- (b) "sweat equity shares" means equity shares issued by a company to its employees or directors at a discount or for consideration other than cash for providing know-how or making available rights in the nature of intellectual property rights or value additions, by whatever name called;
- (c) the value of any specified security or sweat equity shares shall be the fair market value of the specified security or sweat equity shares, as the case may be, on the date on which the option is exercised by the assessee as reduced by the amount actually paid by, or recovered from the assessee in respect of such security or shares;
- (d) "fair market value" means the value determined in accordance with the method as may be prescribed;
- (e) "option" means a right but not an obligation granted to an employee to apply for the specified security or sweat equity shares at a predetermined price;
- VII. The amount of any contribution to an approved superannuation fund by the employer in respect of the assessee, to the extent it exceeds one lakh rupees; and
- VIII. The value of any other fringe benefit or amenity as may be prescribed.

It is further provided that 'profits in lieu of salary' shall include amounts received in lump sum or otherwise, prior to employment or after cessation of employment for the purposes of taxation.

The rules for valuation of perquisite are as under: -

I. Accommodation: For purpose of valuation of the perquisite of unfurnished accommodation, all employees are divided into two categories: (I) Central Govt. & State Govt. employees; and (ii) Others.

For employees of the Central and State governments the value of perquisite shall be equal to the licence fee charged for such accommodation as reduced by the rent actually paid by the employee.

For all others, i.e., those salaried taxpayers not in employment of the Central government and the State government, the valuation of perquisite in respect of accommodation would be at prescribed rates, as discussed below:

- 1. Where the accommodation provided to the employee is **owned by the employer**, the rate is 15% of 'salary' in cities having population exceeding 25 lakh as per the 2001 census. The rate is 10% of salary in cities having population exceeding 10 lakhs but not exceeding 25 lakhs as per 2001 Census. For other places, the perquisite value would be 7½% of the salary.
- 2. Where the accommodation so provided is **taken on lease/ rent by the employer**, the prescribed rate is 15% of the salary or the actual amount of lease rental payable by the employer, whichever is lower, as reduced by any amount of rent paid by the employee.

For furnished accommodation, the value of perquisite as determined by the above method shall be increased by-

- i) 10% of the cost of furniture, appliances and equipments, or
- ii) where the furniture, appliances and equipments have been taken on hire, by the amount of actual hire charges payable.
- as reduced by any charges paid by the employee himself.

"Accommodation" includes a house, flat, farm house, hotel accommodation, motel, service apartment, guest house, a caravan, mobile home, ship etc. However, the value of any accommodation provided to an employee working at a mining site or an on-shore oil exploration site or a project execution site or a dam site or a power generation site or an off-shore site will not be treated as a perquisite. However, such accommodation should either be located in a "remote area" or where it is not located in a "remote area", the accommodation should be of a temporary nature having plinth area of not more than 800 square feet and should not be located within 8 kilometers of the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board. A project execution site for the purposes of this sub-rule means a site of project up to the stage of its commissioning. A "remote area" means an area located at least 40 kilometers away from a town having a population not exceeding 20,000 as per the latest published all-India census.

If an accommodation is provided by an employer in a hotel the value of the benefit in such a case shall be 24% of the annual salary or the actual charges paid or payable to such hotel, whichever is lower, for the period during which such accommodation is provided as reduced by any rent actually paid or payable by the employee. However, where in cases

e provided such accommodation for a period not exceeding in aggregate fifteen days on transfer from one ser, no perquisite value for such accommodation provided in a hotel shall be charged. It may be clarified that provided as an integral part of the accommodation, need not be valued separately as perquisite, any other and above that for which the employer makes payment or reimburses the employee shall be valued as a per the residual clause. In other words, composite tariff for accommodation will be valued as per these wother charges for other facilities provided by the hotel will be separately valued under the residual clause. Sound of an employee's transfer from one place to another, the employee is provided with accommodation at of posting while retaining the accommodation at the other place, the value of perquisite shall be determined to only one such accommodation which has the lower value as per the table prescribed in Rule 3 of the Rules, for a period up to 90 days. However, after that the value of perquisite shall be charged for both tions as prescribed.

conal attendants etc.: The value of free service of all personal attendants including a sweeper, gardener aman is to be taken at actual cost to the employer. Where the attendant is provided at the residence of the full cost will be taxed as perquisite in the hands of the employee irrespective of the degree of personal service him. Any amount paid by the employee for such facilities or services shall be reduced from the above

electricity & water: For free supply of gas, electricity and water for household consumption, the rules not the amount paid by the employer to the agency supplying the amenity shall be the value of perquisite. Where is made from the employer's own resources, the manufacturing cost per unit incurred by the employer would the valuation of perquisite. Any amount paid by the employee for such facilities or services shall be reduced bove amount.

or concessional education: Perquisite on account of free or concessional education shall be valued in a suming that such expenses are borne by the employee, and would cover cases where an employer is running, or directly or indirectly financing the educational institution. Any amount paid by the employee for such services shall be reduced from the above amount. However, where such educational institution itself is and owned by the employer or where such free educational facilities are provided in any institution by reason employment of that employer, the value of the perquisite to the employee shall be determined with reference such education in a similar institution in or near the locality if the cost of such education or such benefit per 18s.1000/- p.m.

free or concessional loans - It is common practice, particularly in financial institutions, to provide concessional loans to employees or any member of his household. The value of perquisite arising from all be the excess of interest payable at prescribed interest rate over interest, if any, actually paid by the member of his household. The prescribed interest rate would now be the rate charged per annum by the idia as on the 1st day of the relevant financial year in respect of loans of same type and for the same by it to the general public. Perquisite value would be calculated on the basis of the maximum outstanding method. For valuing perquisites under this rule, any other method of calculation and adjustment otherwise employer shall not be relevant.

small loans up to Rs. 20,000/- in the aggregate are exempt. Loans for medical treatment specified in Rule exempt, provided the amount of loan for medical reimbursement is not reimbursed under any medical name. Where any medical insurance reimbursement is received, the perquisite value at the prescribed rate ged from the date of reimbursement on the amount reimbursed, but not repaid against the outstanding loan cally for this purpose.

of assets: It is common practice for an asset owned by the employer to be used by the employee or any his household. This perquisite is to be charged at the rate of 10% of the original cost of the asset as reduced ges recovered from the employee for such use. However, the use of Computers and Laptops would not give berquisite.

siter of assets: Often an employee or member of his household benefits from the transfer of movable asset ares or securities) at no cost or at a cost less than its market value from the employer. The difference original cost of the movable asset(not being shares or securities) and the sum, if any, paid by the employee, as the value of perquisite. In case of a movable asset, which has already been put to use, the original cost of by a sum of 10% of such original cost for every completed year of use of the asset. Owing to a higher descence, in case of computers and electronic gadgets, however, the value of perquisite shall be worked 50% of the actual cost by the reducing balance method for each completed year of use. Electronic case means data storage and handling devices like computer, digital diaries and printers. They do not appliance (i.e. white goods) like washing machines, microwave ovens, mixers, hot plates, ovens etc. In of cars, the value of perquisite shall be worked out by reducing 20% of its actual cost by the reducing and for each completed year of use.

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It is further clarified that the rule position regarding valuation of perquisites are given at Section 17(2) of perquisites. Income Tax Act, 1961 and at Rule 3 of Income Tax Rules, 1962. The deductors may look into the above provisions carefully before they determine the perquisite value for deduction purposes.

It is pertinent to mention that benefits specifically exempt u/s 10(13A), 10(5), 10(14), 17 etc. would continue to be exempt. These include benefits like travel on tour and transfer, leave travel, daily allowance to meet tour expenses as prescribed, medical facilities subject to conditions.

Any income falling within any of the following clauses shall not be included in computing the income from salaries for

(1) The value of any travel concession or assistance received by or due to an employee from his employer or former the purpose of Section 192 of the Act :employer for himself and his family, in connection with his proceeding (a) on leave to any place in India or (b) on retirement from service, or, after termination of service to any place in India is exempt under clause (5) of Section 10 subject, however, to the conditions prescribed in rule 2B of the Income-tax Rules, 1962.

For the purpose of this clause, "family" in relation to an individual means:

- (i) The spouse and children of the individual; and
- (ii) the parents, brothers and sisters of the individual or any of them, wholly or mainly dependent on the individual. It may also be noted that the amount exempt under this clause shall in no case exceed the amount of expenses actually incurred for the purpose of such travel.
- (2) Death-cum-refirement gratuity or any other gratuity which is exempt to the extent specified from inclusion in computing the total income under clause (10) of Section 10. Any death-cum-retirement gratuity received under the revised Pension Rules of the Central Government or, as the case may be, the Central Civil Services (Pension) Rules, 1972, or under any similar scheme applicable to the members of the civil services of the Union or holders of posts connected with defence or of civil posts under the Union (such members or holders being persons not governed by the said Rules) or to the members of the all-India services or to the members of the civil services of a State or holders of civil posts under a State or to the employees of a local authority or any payment of retiring gratuity received under the Pension Code or Regulations applicable to the members of the defence service. Gratuity received in cases other than above on retirement, termination etc is exempt up to the limit as prescribed by the Board. Presently the limit is Rs ten lakh w.e.f. 24.05.2010 in view of notification number 43/2010 S.O. 1414(E) issued under F.N. 200/33/2009-ITA-1.
 - (3) Any payment in commutation of pension received under the Civil Pension(Commutation) Rules of the Central Government or under any similar scheme applicable to the members of the civil services of the Union, or holders of civil posts/posts connected with defence, under the Union, or civil posts under a State, or to the members of the All India Services/Defence Services, or, to the employees of a local authority or a corporation established by a Central, State or Provincial Act, is exempt under sub-clause (i) of clause (10A) of Section 10. As regards payments in commutation of pension received under any scheme of any other employer, exemption will be governed by the provisions of sub-clause (ii) of clause (10A) of section 10. Also, any payment in commutation of pension received from a Regimental Fund or Non-Public Fund established by the Armed Forces of the Union referred to in Section 10(23AAB) is exempt under sub-clause (iii) of clause (10A) of Section 10.
 - (4) Any payment received by an employee of the Central Government or a State Government, as cash-equivalent of the leave salary in respect of the period of earned leave at his credit at the time of his retirement, whether on superannuation or otherwise, is exempt under sub-clause(i) of clause 10AA) of Section 10. In the case of other employees, this exemption will be determined with reference to the leave to their credit at the time of retirement on superannuation, or otherwise, subject to a maximum of ten months' leave. This exemption will be further limited to the maximum amount specified by the Government of India Notification No.S.O.588(E) dated 31.05.2002 at Rs. 3,00,000/- in relation to such employees who retire, whether on superannuation or otherwise, after 1.4.1998.
 - (5) Under Section 10(10B), the retrenchment compensation received by a workman is exempt from income-tax subject to certain limits. The maximum amount of retrenchment compensation exempt is the sum calculated on the basis provided in section 25F(b) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 or any amount not less than Rs.50,000/- as the Central Government may by notification specify in the official gazette, whichever is less. These limits shall not apply in the case where the compensation is paid under any scheme which is approved in this behalf by the Central Government, having regard to the need for extending special protection to the workmen in the undertaking to which the scheme applies and other relevant circumstances. The maximum limit of such payment is Rs. 5,00,000 where retrenchment is on or after 1.1.1997.

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Section 10(10C), any payment received or receivable (even if received in installments) by an employee of bodies at the time of his voluntary retirement or termination of his service, in accordance with any scheme of voluntary retirement or in the case of public sector company, a scheme of voluntary separation, is income-tax to the extent that such amount does not exceed five lakh rupees: A public sector company;

Any other company;

An Authority established under a Central, State or Provincial Act;

A Local Authority;

A Cooperative Society;

A university established or incorporated or under a Central, State or Provincial Act, or, an Institution declared be a University under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956;

Indian Institute of Technology within the meaning of Clause (g) of Section 3 of the Institute of Technology

Such Institute of Management as the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, specify

mption of amount received under VRS has been extended to employees of the Central Government and gment and employees of notified institutions having importance throughout India or any State or States. It noted that where this exemption has been allowed to any employee for any assessment year, it shall not be

received under a Life Insurance Policy, including the sum allocated by way of bonus on such policy

ny sum received under sub-section (3) of section 80DD or sub-section (3) of section 80DDA or, sum received under Keyman insurance policy or,

um received under an insurance policy issued on or after 1.4.2003 in respect of which the premium be for any of the years during the term of the policy exceeds 20 percent of the actual capital sum ed. However, any sum received under such policy on the death of a person would still be exempt.

ent from a Provident Fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (19 of 1925), applies or from any und set up by the Central Government and notified by it in this behalf in the Official Gazette.

ction 10(13A) of the Income-tax Act, 1961,any special allowance specifically granted to an assessee by meet expenditure incurred on payment of rent (by whatever name called) in respect of residential ccupied by the assessee is exempt from Income-tax to the extent as may be prescribed, having regard in which such accommodation is situated and other relevant considerations. According to rule 2A of is, 1962, the quantum of exemption allowable on account of grant of special allowance to meet

amount of such allowance received by an employer in respect of the relevant period; or

expenditure incurred in payment of rent in excess of 1/10 of the salary due for the relevant period; or accommodation is situated in Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi or Madras, 50% of the salary due to the for the relevant period; or

accommodation is situated in any other place, 40% of the salary due to the employee for the relevant

Salary" includes dearness allowance, if the terms of employment so provide, but excludes all other

that only the expenditure actually incurred on payment of rent in respect of residential accommodation bessee subject to the limits laid down in Rule 2A, qualifies for exemption from income-tax. Thus, granted to an employee who is residing in a house/flat owned by him is not exempt from incomeauthorities should satisfy themselves in this regard by insisting on production of evidence of actual excluding the House Rent Allowance or any portion thereof from the total income of the employee.

expenditure on payment of rent is a pre-requisite for claiming deduction under section 10(13A), an administrative measure that salaried employees drawing house rent allowance upto the exempted from production of rent receipt. It may, however, be noted that this concession is be exempted from production of reflected to the complexes, and the regular assessment of the employee, the Assessing Officer will be free to make such enquiry as he deems fit for the purpose of satisfying himself that the employee has incurred actual expenditure on payment of rent.

- (10) Clause (14) of section 10 provides for exemption of the following allowances :-
 - (i) Any special allowance or benefit granted to an employee to meet the expenses incurred in the performance of his duties as prescribed under Rule 2BB subject to the extent to which such expenses are actually
 - (ii) Any allowance granted to an employee either to meet his personal expenses at the place of his posting or at the place he ordinarily resides or to compensate him for the increased cost of living, which may be prescribed and to the extent as may be prescribed.

However, the allowance referred to in (ii) above should not be in the nature of a personal allowance granted to the assessee to remunerate or compensate him for performing duties of a special nature relating to his office or employment unless such allowance is related to his place of posting or residence.

The CBDT has prescribed guidelines for the purpose of clauses (i) and (ii) of Section 10(14) vide notification No.SO617(E) dated 7th July, 1995 (F.No.142/9/95-TPL)which has been amended vide notification SO No.403(E) dt 24.4.2000 (F.No.142/34/99-TPL). The transport allowance granted to an employee to meet his expenditure for the purpose of commuting between the place of his residence and the place of duty is exempt to the extent of Rs.800 per month vide

- (11) Under Section 10(15)(iv)(i) of the Income-tax Act, interest payable by the Government on deposits made by an notification S.O.No. 395(E) dated 13.5.98. employee of the Central Government or a State Government or a public sector company out of his retirement benefits, in accordance with such scheme framed in this behalf by the Central Government and notified in the Official Gazette is exempt from income-tax. By notification No.F.2/14/89-NS-II dated 7.6.89, as amended by notification No.F.2/14/89-NS-Il dated 12.10.89, the Central Government has notified a scheme called Deposit Scheme for Retiring Government Employees, 1989 for the purpose of the said clause.
 - (12) Any scholarship granted to meet the cost of education is not to be included in total income as per subsection (16)
 - (13) Clause (18) of Section 10 provides for exemption of any income by way of pension received by an individual who of section 10 of Income Tax Act. has been in the service of the Central Government or State Government and has been awarded "Param Vir Chakra" or "Maha Vir Chakra" or "Vir Chakra" or such other gallantry award as may be specifically notified by the Central Government or family pension received by any member of the family of such individual. "Family" for this purpose shall have the meaning assigned to it in Section 10(5) of the Act. Such notification has been made vide Notifications No.S.O.1948(E) dated 24.11.2000 and 81(E) dated 29.1.2001, which are enclosed as per Annexure VA & VB.
 - (14) Under Section 17 of the Act, exemption from tax will also be available in respect of:-
 - (a) the value of any medical treatment provided to an employee or any member of his family, in any hospital
 - (b) any sum paid by the employer in respect of any expenditure actually incurred by the employee on his medical treatment or of any member of his family:
 - (i) in any hospital maintained by the Government or any local authority or any other hospital approved by the Government for the purposes of medical treatment of its employees;
 - (ii) in respect of the prescribed diseases or ailments as provided in Rule 3A(2) of I.T. Rules 1962, in any hospital approved by the Chief Commissioner having regard to the prescribed guidelines as provided in Rule 3(A)(1)of I.T. Rule, 1962:
 - (c) premium paid by the employer in respect of medical insurance taken for his employees (under any scheme approved by the Central Government or Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority) or reimbursement of insurance premium to the employees who take medical insurance for themselves or for their family members (under any scheme approved by the Central Government or Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority):
 - (d) reimbursement, by the employer, of the amount spent by an employee in obtaining medical treatment for himself or any member of his family from any doctor, not exceeding in the aggregate Rs.15,000/- in an year
 - (e) As regards medical treatment abroad, the actual expenditure on stay and treatment abroad of the employed or any member of his family, or, on stay abroad of one attendant who accompanies the patient, in connection with such treatment, will be excluded from perquisites to the extent permitted by the Reserve Bank of India It may be noted that the expenditure incurred on travel abroad by the patient/attendant, shall be exclude from perquisites only if the employee's gross total income, as computed before including the said expenditure does not exceed Rs.2 lakhs.

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the employed in connection Bank of Indiant If be excluded dexpenditure of availing exemption on expenditure incurred on medical treatment, "hospital" includes a dispensary frome, and "family" in relation to an individual means the spouse and children of the individual. Family tents, brothers and sisters of the individual if they are wholly or mainly dependent on the individual.

ons from income from Salaries u/s 16 of the Act

s also allowed under clause (ii) of section 16 in respect of any allowance in the nature of an entertainment cally granted by an employer to the assessee, who is in receipt of a salary from the Government, a sum of his salary(exclusive of any allowance, benefit or other perquisite) or five thousand rupees whichever on account of entertainment allowance is available to non-government employees.

ployment:

imployment (Professional Tax) within the meaning of clause (2) of Article 276 of the Constitution of India, the rany law, shall also be allowed as a deduction in computing the income under the head "Salaries".

brified that "Standard Deduction" from gross salary income, which was being allowed up to 104-05 is not allowable from financial year 2005-06 onwards.

ins under chapter VI-A of the Act

the taxable income of the employee, the following deductions under Chapter VI-A of the Act are to be dross total income:

etion 80C, an employee will be entitled to deductions for the whole of amounts paid or deposited in the tar-in the following schemes, subject to a limit of Rs.1,00,000/-:

of insurance premium to effect or to keep in force an insurance on the life of the individual, the spouse individual.

(7) herein below on the life of the individual, the spouse or any child of the individual, provided that such contain a provision for the exercise by the insured of an option to receive a cash payment in lieu of the inuity;

dance with the conditions of his service for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuity or his spouse or children, in so far as the sum deducted does not exceed 1/5th of the salary;

dividual to any Provident Fund to which the Provident Fund Act, 1925 applies;

provident fund set up by the Central Government, and notified by it in this behalf in the Official where such contribution is to an account standing in the name of an individual, or spouse or children; after the Government has since notified Public Provident Fund vide Notification S.O. No. 1559(E) dated

iployee to a Recognized Provident Fund;

ncloyee to an approved superannuation fund;

that "contribution" to any Fund shall not include any sums in repayment of loan;

lich security of the Central Government or any such **deposit scheme** as the Central Government **deposit scheme** as the Central Government in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf;

Uch saving certificates as defined under section 2(c) of the Government Saving Certificate Act, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

Government has since notified National Saving Certificate (VIIIth Issue) vide Notification S.O. No.

as contribution in the case of an individual, for himself, spouse or any child,

pation in the Unit Linked Insurance Plan, 1971 of the Unit Trust of India;

Coordinate to in clause (23D) of

Government has since notified Unit Linked Insurance Plan (formerly known as Dhanraksha, LC Mutual Fund vide Notification S.O. No. 1561(E) dated 3.11.05.]

the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify;

[The Central Government has since notified New Jeevan Dhara, New Jeevan Dhara-I, New Jeevan Akshay, New Jeevan Akshay-I and New Jeevan Akshay-II vide Notification S.O. No. 1562(E) dated 3.11.05 and Jeevan Akshay-III

vide Notification S.O. No. 847(E) dated 1.6.2006] (8) Any subscription made to any units of any Mutual Fund, referred to in clause(23D) of section 10, or from the Administrator or the specified company referred to in Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking & Repeal) Act, 2002 under any plan formulated in accordance with any scheme as the Central Government, may, by notification in the Official

[The Central Government has since notified the Equity Linked Saving Scheme, 2005 for this purpose vide Notification Gazette, specify in this behalf;

The investments made after 1.4.2006 in plans formulated in accordance with Equity Linked Saving Scheme, 1992 or Equity Linked Saving Scheme, 1998 shall also qualify for deduction under section 80C.

(9) Any contribution made by an individual to any pension fund set up by any Mutual Fund referred to in clause (23D) of section 10, or, by the Administrator or the specified company referred to in Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking & Repeal) Act, 2002, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this

[The Central Government has since notified UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund vide Notification S.O. No. 1564(E)

- (10) Any subscription made to any such deposit scheme of, or, any contribution made to any such pension fund set up by, the National Housing Bank, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this
- (11) Any subscription made to any such deposit scheme, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify for the purpose of being floated by (a) public sector companies engaged in providing long-term behalf; finance for construction or purchase of houses in India for residential purposes, or, (b) any authority constituted in India by, or, under any law, enacted either for the purpose of dealing with and satisfying the need for housing accommodation or for the purpose of planning, development or improvement of cities, towns and villages, or for both.

[The Central Government has since notified the Public Deposit Scheme of HUDCO vide Notification S.O. No.37(E dated 11.01.2007, for the purposes of Section 80C(2)(xvi)(a)].

(12) Any sums paid by an assessee for the purpose of purchase or construction of a residential house property the income from which is chargeable to tax under the head "Income from house property" (or which would, if it has no been used for assessee's own residence, have been chargeable to tax under that head) where such payments are made towards or by way of any instalment or part payment of the amount due under any self-financing or other scheme of an Development Authority, Housing Board etc.

The deduction will also be allowable in respect of re-payment of loans borrowed by an assessee from the Governme or any bank or Life Insurance Corporation, or National Housing Bank, or certain other categories of institutions engag in the business of providing long term finance for construction or purchase of houses in India. Any repayment of lo borrowed from the employer will also be covered, if the employer happens to be a public company, or a public sec company, or a university established by law, or a college affiliated to such university, or a local authority, or a cooperat society, or an authority, or a board, or a corporation, or any other body established under a Central or State Act.

The stamp duty, registration fee and other expenses incurred for the purpose of transfer shall also be cover Payment towards the cost of house property, however, will not include, admission fee or cost of share or initial depos the cost of any addition or alteration to, or, renovation or repair of the house property which is carried out after the is of the completion certificate by competent authority, or after the occupation of the house by the assessee or after it been let out. Payments towards any expenditure in respect of which the deduction is allowable under the provision section 24 of the Income-tax Act will also not be included in payments towards the cost of purchase or construction

Where the house property in respect of which deduction has been allowed under these provisions is transferre house property. the tax-payer at any time before the expiry of five years from the end of the financial year in which possession of property is obtained by him or he receives back, by way of refund or otherwise, any sum specified in section 80C(2)(no deduction under these provisions shall be allowed in respect of such sums paid in such previous year in which transfer is made and the aggregate amount of deductions of income so allowed in the earlier years shall be added total income of the assessee of such previous year and shall be liable to tax accordingly.

(13) Tuition fees, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, paid to any university, college, school or educational institution situated in India, for the purpose of full-time education of any two children of the employee.

Full-time education includes any educational course offered by any university, college, school or

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educational institution to a student who is enrolled full-time for the said course. It is also clarified that full-time disducation includes play-school activities, pre-nursery and nursery classes.

It is clarified that the amount allowable as tuition fees shall include any payment of fee to any university, college, chool or other educational institution in India except the amount representing payment in the nature of development fees donation or capitation fees or payment of similar nature.

- (14) Subscription to equity shares or debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital made by a public impany, which is approved by the Board or by any public finance institution.
- (15) Subscription to any units of any mutual fund referred to in clause (23D) of Section 10 and approved by the coard, if the amount of subscription to such units is subscribed only in eligible issue of capital of any company.
- (16) Investment as a term deposit for a fixed period of not less than five years with a scheduled bank, which is in accordance with a scheme framed and notified by the Central Government, in the Official Gazette for these purposes.

[The Central Government has since notified the Bank Term Deposit Scheme, 2006 for this purpose vide Notification **S.O. No. 1220(E)** dated 28.7.2006]

- Subscription to such bonds issued by the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development, as the Central enment may, by such notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.
 - (8) Any investment in an account under the Senior Citizens Savings Scheme Rules, 2004.
 - Any investment as five year time deposit in an account under the Post Office Time Deposit Rules, 1981.

may be clarified that the amount of premium or other payment made on an insurance policy [other than a contract annuity mentioned in sub-para (2)] shall be eligible for deduction only to the extent of 20 percent of the actual assured. In calculating any such actual capital sum, the following shall not be taken into account:

the value of any premiums agreed to be returned, or

any benefit by way of bonus or otherwise over and above the sum actually assured which may be received under the policy.

per section 80CCC, where an assessee being an individual has in the previous year paid or deposited any of his income chargeable to tax to effect or keep in force a contract for any annuity plan of Life Insurance of India or any other insurer for receiving pension from the Fund referred to in clause (23AAB) of shall, in accordance with, and subject to the provisions of this section, be allowed a deduction in the of his total income, of the whole of the amount paid or deposited (excluding interest or bonus accrued or assessee's account, if any) as does not exceed the amount of one lakh rupees in the previous year.

amount paid or deposited by the assessee has been taken into account for the purposes of this section, ction with reference to such amount shall not be allowed under section 88 up to assessment year 2005-06 aion 80C from assessment year 2006-07 onwards.

the provisions of section 80CCD, where an assessee, being an individual employed by the Central pror after the 1st day of January, 2004, has in the previous year paid or deposited any amount in his pension scheme as notified vide Notification No. F.N. 5/7/2003- ECB&PR dated 22.12.2003, he a deduction in the computation of his total income, of the whole of the amount so paid or deposited as ten per cent of his salary in the previous year.

of new pension scheme has been extended to any other employees (also self employed person) d deduction is allowed to employees upto 10% of salary in the previous year and in other cases gross total income in the previous year. Further it has been specified that w.r.e.f 1/04/09 any by the assessee from the new pension scheme shall be deemed not to have received in the much amount is used for purchasing an annuity plan in the previous year.

sount standing to the credit of the assessee in his account under such pension scheme, in respect of has been allowed as per the provisions discussed above, together with the amount accrued thereon, whe assessee or his nominee, in whole or in part, in any financial year,closure or his opting out of such pension scheme; or

ceived from the annuity plan purchased or taken on such closure or opting out,

referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above shall be deemed to be the income of the assessee may be, in the financial year in which such amount is received, and shall accordingly be of that financial year.

distion under section 80CCD, "salary" includes dearness allowance, if the terms of employment other allowances and perquisites.

The aggregate amount of deduction under sections 80C, 80CCC and 80CCD shall not exceed Rs.1,00,000/-(Section 80CCE)

D. A new section 80CCF has been inserted by the Finance Act, 2010, wef 01.04.2011. The section 80CCF provides for deduction available to an individual or a HUF, the whole of the amount, to the extent such amount does not exceed Rs 20,000, paid or deposited during financial year 2010-11, as subscription to long-term infrastructure bonds as notified by the Central Govt for the purpose of this section. (Board Notification no 48/2010 dated 09.09.2010)

Deduction under this section can not exceed Rs 20,000 and are available only for current financial year 2010-11. The deduction under this section will be in addition to overall limit of deduction of upto Rs one lakh under section 80C, 80CCC and 80CCD.

E. Section 80D provides for deduction available for health premia paid etc. In computing the total income of an assessee, being an individual or a Hindu undivided family, there shall be deducted such sum, as specified below payment of which is made by any mode, other than cash, in the previous year out of his income chargeable to tax.

Where the assessee is an individual, the sum referred to shall be the aggregate of the following, namely:-

- (a) the whole of the amount paid to effect or to keep in force an insurance on the health of the assessee or his family or any contribution made to the CGHS as does not exceed in the aggregate fifteen thousand rupees;
- the whole of the amount paid to effect or to keep in force an insurance on the health of the parent or parents of the assessee as does not exceed in the aggregate fifteen thousand rupees. (b)

Explanation.-For the purposes of clause (a), "family" means the spouse and dependent children of the assessee.

Where the assessee is a Hindu undivided family, the sum referred to shall be the whole of the amount paid to effect or to keep in force an insurance on the health of any member of that Hindu undivided family as does not exceed in the aggregate fifteen thousand rupees.

Where the sum specified above is paid to effect or keep in force an insurance on the health of any person specified therein, and who is a senior citizen, the deduction available is "twenty thousand rupees" rather than fifteen thousand as specified above.

Explanation.-For the above "senior citizen" means an individual resident in India who is of the age of sixty-five years or more at any time during the relevant previous year.

The insurance referred to above shall be in accordance with a scheme made in this behalf by-

- (a) the General Insurance Corporation of India formed under section 9 of the General Insurance Business (Nationalisation) Act, 1972 (57 of 1972) and approved by the Central Government in this behalf; or
- (b) any other insurer and approved by the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority established under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999 (41 of 1999).]
- F. Under section 80DD, where an assessee, who is a resident in India, has, during the previous year,-
 - (a) incurred any expenditure for the medical treatment (including nursing), training and rehabilitation of a dependant, being a person with disability; or
 - (b) paid or deposited any amount under a scheme framed in this behalf by the Life Insurance Corporation or any other insurer or the Administrator or the specified company subject to the conditions specified in this regard and approved by the Board in this behalf for the maintenance of a dependant, being a person with disability,

the assessee shall be allowed a deduction of a sum of fifty thousand rupees from his gross total income of that year.

However, where such dependant is a person with severe disability, an amount of one hundred thousand rupees shall be allowed as deduction subject to the specified conditions.

The deduction under clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall be allowed only if the following conditions are fulfilled:-

- A.(i) the scheme referred to in clause (b) above provides for payment of annuity or lump sum amount for the benefit of a dependant, being a person with disability, in the event of the death of the individual in whose name subscription to the scheme has been made;
- (ii) the assessee nominates either the dependant, being a person with disability, or any other person or a trust to receive the payment on his behalf, for the benefit of the dependant, being a person with disability.

However, if the dependant, being a person with disability, predeceases the assessee, an amount equal to the amount paid or deposited under sub-para(b) above shall be deemed to be the income of the assessee of the previous year in 00/-

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3. The assessee, claiming a deduction under this section, shall furnish a copy of the certificate issued by the medical **brity in the** prescribed form and manner, along with the return of income under section 139, in respect of the assessment **for which** the deduction is claimed:

cases where the condition of disability requires reassessment of its extent after a period stipulated in the aforesaid cate, no deduction under this section shall be allowed for any subsequent period unless a new certificate is obtained the medical authority in the prescribed form and manner and a copy thereof is furnished along with the return of its conditions.

or the purposes of section 80DD,-

- (a) "Administrator" means the Administrator as referred to in clause (a) of section 2 of the Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking and Repeal) Act, 2002 (58 of 2002);
- (b) "dependant" means-
 - (i) in the case of an individual, the spouse, children, parents, brothers and sisters of the individual or any of them;
 - (ii) in the case of a Hindu undivided family, a member of the Hindu undivided family, dependant wholly or mainly on such individual or Hindu undivided family for his support and maintenance, and who has not claimed any deduction under section 80U in computing his total income for the assessment year relating to the previous year;
- disability" shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (i) of section 2 of the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996) and includes "autism", "cerebral palsy" and "multiple disability" referred to in clauses (a), (c) and (h) of section 2 of the National Trust for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retar-dation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999 (44 of 1999);

Insurance Corporation" shall have the same meaning as in clause (iii) of sub-section (8) of section 88;

pedical authority" means the medical authority as referred to in clause (p) of section 2 of the Persons with abilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996) or such permedical authority as may, by notification, be specified by the Central Government for certifying "autism", rebral palsy", "multiple disabilities", "person with disability" and "severe disability" referred to in clauses (c), (h), (j) and (o) of section 2 of the National Trust for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, tal Retardation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999 (44 of 1999);

then with disability" means a person as referred to in clause (t) of section 2 of the Persons with Disabilities that Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996) or clause (j) of section the National Trust for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation and Multiple bilities Act, 1999 (44 of 1999);

on with severe disability" means-

person with eighty per cent or more of one or more disabilities, as referred to in sub-section (4) of section 56 of the Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 (1 of 1996); or

e person with severe disability referred to in clause (o) of section 2 of the National Trust for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999 (44 of 1999);

willed company" means a company as referred to in clause (h) of section 2 of the Unit Trust of India

80E of the Act a deduction will be allowed in respect of **repayment of interest on loan taken for Subject to the** following conditions:

to the provisions of this section, any amount paid by him in the previous year, out of his to tax, by way of interest on loan, taken by him from any financial institution or any intable institution for the purpose of pursuing his higher education or for the purpose of higher pouse or children.

(ii) The deduction specified above shall be allowed in computing the total income in respect of the initial assessment year and seven assessment years immediately succeeding the initial assessment year or until the interest referred to above is paid in full by the assessee, whichever is earlier.

For this purpose -

- (a) "approved charitable institution" means an institution established for charitable purposes and approved by the prescribed authority under clause (2C) of section 10, or, an institution referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 80G.
- (b) "financial institution" means a banking company to which the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (10 of 1949) applies (including any bank or banking institution referred to in section 51 of that Act); or any other financial institution which the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf;
- (c) "higher education" means any course of study pursued after passing the Senior Secondary Examination or its equivalent from any school, board or university recognised by the Central Government or State Government or local authority or by any other authority authorised by the Central Government or State Government or local authority to do so;
- (d) "initial assessment year" means the assessment year relevant to the previous year, in which the assessee starts paying the interest on the loan.
- (e) relative", in relation to an individual, means the spouse and children of that individual or the student for whom the individual is the legal guardian.
- H. Section 80G provides for deductions on account of donation made to various funds, charitable organizations etc. Generally no deduction should be allowed by the D.D.O. from the salary income in respect of any donations made for charitable purposes. The tax relief on such donations as admissible under section 80G of the Act, will have to be claimed by the tax payer in the return of income. However in cases where employees make donations to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund, the Chief Minister's Relief Fund or the Lieutenant Governor's Relief Fund through their respective employers, it is not possible for such funds to issue separate certificate to every such employee in respect of donations made to such funds as contributions made to these funds are in the form of a consolidated cheque. An employee who makes donations towards these funds is eligible to claim deduction under section 80G. It is, hereby, clarified that the claim in respect of such donations as indicated above will be admissible under section 80G on the basis of the certificate issued by the Drawing and Disbursing Officer (DDO)/Employer In this behalf Circular No. 2/2005, dated 12-1-2005.
- I. Under Section 80GG of the Act an assessee is entitled to a deduction in respect of house rent paid by him for his own residence. Such deduction is permissible subject to the following conditions:-
 - (a) the assessee has not been in receipt of any House Rent Allowance specifically granted to him which qualifies for exemption under section 10(13A) of the Act;
 - (b) the assessee files the declaration in Form No.10BA. (Annexure-VI).
 - (c) He will be entitled to a deduction in respect of house rent paid by him in excess of 10 per cent of his total income, subject to a ceiling of 25 per cent thereof or Rs. 2,000/- per month, whichever is less. The total income for working out these percentages will be computed before making any deduction under section 80GG.
 - (d) The assessee does not own:
 - any residential accommodation himself or by his spouse or minor child or where such assessee is a member of a Hindu Undivided Family, by such family, at the place where he ordinarily resides or performs duties of his office or carries on his business or profession; or
 - (ii) at any other place, any residential accommodation being accommodation in the occupation of the assessee, the value of which is to be determined under clause (a) of sub section (2) or, as the case may be, clause (a) of sub-section (4) of section 23:

The Drawing and Disbursing Authorities should satisfy themselves that all the conditions mentioned above are satisfied before such deduction is allowed by them to the assessee. They should also satisfy themselves in this regard by insisting on production of evidence of actual payment of rent.

J. Under section 80U, in computing the total income of an individual, being a resident, who, at any time during the

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catified by the medical authority to be a **person with disability**, there shall be allowed a deduction of the state of the

et claiming a deduction under this section shall furnish a copy of the certificate issued by the medical acribed form and manner along with the return of income, in respect of the assessment year for which timed.

the condition of disability requires reassessment of its extent after a period stipulated in the aforesaid for under this section shall be allowed for any subsequent period unless a new certificate is obtained thority in the prescribed form and manner and a copy thereof is furnished along with the return of

thes of this section, the expressions "disability", "medical authority", "person with disability" and "person with disability" and

by themselves of the genuineness of claim:

nd Disbursing Officers should satisfy themselves about the actual deposits/ subscriptions / payments byces, by calling for such particulars/ information as they deem necessary before allowing the aforesaid the DDO is not satisfied about the genuineness of the employee's claim regarding any deposit/ and made by the employee, he should not allow the same, and the employee would be free to claim the such amount by filing his return of income and furnishing the necessary proof etc., therewith, to the assessing Officer.

TION OF INCOME-TAX TO BE DEDUCTED:

ome for the purpose of Section 192 shall be computed as follow:-

pempute the gross salary as mentioned in para 5.1 excluding all the incomes mentioned in para 5.2; deductions mentioned in para 5.3 from the figure arrived at (a) above and compute the amount.

bductions mentioned in para 5.4 from the figure arrived at (b) above ensuring that the relevant conditions is fied. The aggregate of the deductions subject to the threshold limits mentioned in para 5.4 shall not the amount at (b) above and if it exceeds, it should be restricted to that amount.

emount of income from salaries on which income tax would be required to be deducted. This income of to the nearest multiple of ten rupees.

euch income shall be calculated at the rates given in para 2 of this Circular keeping in view the age **anployee**, subject to the provisions of sec. 206AA, as discussed in para 4.9.

ex payable so arrived at shall be increased by educational cess as applicable (2% for primary and 1% arrive at the total tax payable.

as arrived at para 6.3 should be deducted every month in equal installments. Any excess or deficit evious deduction can be adjusted by increasing or decreasing the amount of subsequent deductions arcial year.

fail to comply with the provisions of Section 192 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 would be liable to pay 201(1)/(1A) of Income Tax Act along with other penal consequences.

di follow.

' (Ajay Kumar)
Director (Budget)

EOUS:

illons are not exhaustive and are issued only with a view to help the employers to understand the ating to deduction of tax from salaries. Wherever there is any doubt, reference may be made to the the locome-tax Rules, 1962, the Finance Act 2010 and the relevant circulars/

assistance is required, the Assessing Officer/the local Public Relation Officer of the Income-tax contacted.

More may be brought to the notice of all Disbursing Officers and Undertakings including those under

7.4 Copies of this Circular are available with the Director of Income-tax(Research, Statistics & Publications and Public Relations), 6th Floor, Mayur Bhavan, Indira Chowk, New Delhi-110 001 and at the following websites:

www.finmin.nic.in

www.incometaxindia.gov.in

(AJAY KUMAR)
Director (Budget)
Central Board of Direct Taxes

To

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- 2. All Ministries/Departments of Government of India etc.
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- 30. Accountant General, Madhya Pradesh, Gwalior
- 31. Accountant General, Tamil Nadu, Chennai
- 32. Accountant General-I, Maharashtra, Mumbai
- 33. Accountant General-II, Maharashtra, Nagpur
- 34. Accountant General, Karnataka, Bangalore
- 35. Accountant General, Orissa, Bhubneshwar
- 36. Accountant General, Punjab, Chandigarh

37. Accountant General, Himachal Pradesh, Simla

38. Accountant General, Rajasthan, Jaipur

```
🕯 General-I, II & III, Uttar Pradesh, Allahabad
tions and
                                   t General, West Bengal, Calcutta
                                   t General, Haryana, Chandigarh
                                   General, Jammu & Kashmir, Srinagar
                                   General, Manipur, Imphal
                                   t General, Tripura, Agartala
                                   General, Nagaland, Kohima
                                   Audit(Central)Kolkatta
axes
                                   Audit(Central Revenue), New Delhi
                                 of Audit (Central), Mumbai
                                   Medit, Scientific & Commercial Department, Mumbai
                                   (Public Sector, Nationalised including State Bank of India)
                                   Reserve Bank of India Central Office P.B.No.406, Mumbai-400001(25 copies for distribution to its
                                  Officer, Inspector General of Assam Rifles, (Hqrs), Shillong
                                   ers of Commerce & Industry
                                   Rajya Sabha Secretariat Libraries(15 copies each)
                                   and Sections in Techinical Wing of CBDT
                                   of Accounts, Department of Economic Affairs, New Delhi
                                  Reserve Bank of India, Public Debt Office, Ahmedabad/Bangalore/Bhubneshwar/Mumbai(Fort)/
                                   intral)/Mumbai-8, Kolkatta/Hyderabad/Kanpur/Jaipur/Chennai/Nagpur/NewDelhi/Patna/Guwahati/
                                    spector, R.B.I. Inspection Department Regional audit Cell/Mumbai/Kolkatta/Chennai/New Delhi/
                                    General, Post & Telegraph, Simla
                                     neral of Defence Accounts, New Delhi
                                     Defence Services, New Delhi
                                     Organisation, New Delhi
                                      abour Office, India Branch, New Delhi
                                      an Red Cross Society, India, New Delhi
                                      Department, Mumbai
                                        epment Board, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, New Delhi
                                        Organisation, Nagpur
                                       General, Post & Telegraph, Kolkatta
                                          Export - Import Bank of India, Post Box No.19969, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021
                                         Manager(Headquarters), Indian Airlines(H) - Airlines House, 11, Gurudwara Rakabganj
                                       110001
                                         ink of India, Local Head Office:-
                                         Building, 1, Middleton Street, Kolkatta
                                       cuse, Rajaji Salai, Chennai-600001
                                        tar Pradesh
                                        Hyderabad-500001
                                        d, Bhopal-462001
                                        1 to 105, Sector 17-B, Chandigarh
                                        uilding, Madam Cama Road, Mumbai-400021
                                        M Street, New Delhi-110001
```

hedabad-380001

Road, Post Box No.103, Patna-800001

- 72. Chief Controller of Accounts, CBDT, Lok Nayak Bhawan, Khan Market, New Delhi
- 73. State Bank of Patiala, (Head Office), The Mall, Patiala
- 74. State Bank of Bikaner and Jaipur, Head Office, Tilak Marg, 'C' Scheme Jaipur
- 75. State Bank of Hyderabad, Head Office, Gun Factory, Hyderabad
- 76. State Bank of Indore, 5 Yashwant Nivas Road, Indore.
- 77. State Bank of Mysore (Head Office), K.G.Road, Bangalore
- 78. State Bank of Saurashtra, Behind Satyanarayan Road, Bhavnagar, Gujarat
- 79. State Bank of Travancore, Post Box No.34, Trivandrum
- 80. N.S.Branch, Department of Economic Affairs, New Delhi
- 81. The Editory, 'The Income-tax Reporter' Company Law Institute of India (P) Ltd., 88, Thyagaraja Road, Thyagaraja Nagar, Chennai-600017
- 82. The Editor, Chartered Secretary, The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, 'ICSI House, 22, Institutional Area, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003
- 83. The Editor, "Taxation" 174, Jorbagh, New Delhi
- 84. The Editor, "The Tax Law Review" Post Box No.152, Jallandhar-144001
- 85. The Editor, "Taxmann" Allied Services (P)Ltd., 1871, Kucha Chelan, Khari Baoli, Delhi-110006
- 86. The Min. of Law (Deptt. of Legal Affairs), Shastri Bhawan New Delhi.
- 87. Food Corporation of India, 16-17, Barakhamba Lane, New Delhi-110001
- 88. IFCI, Bank of Baroda Building, 16, Parliament Street, New Delhi
- 89. IDBI, IDBI Tower, Cuff Parad, Mumbai-400 005
- 90. ICICI, 163, Backbay Reclamation, Mumbai-20
- 91. NABARD, Poonam Chambers, Dr. Annie Besant Road, P.B. No. 552, Worli, Mumbai
- 92. National Housing Bank, 3rd Floor, Bombay Life Building, 45, Veer Nariman Road, Mumbai
- 93. IRBI, 19, Netaji Subhash Road, Kolkatta
- 94. All Foreign Banks operating in India
- 95. Air India, New Delhi
- 96. University Grants Commission, Bahadur Shah Jafar Marg, New Delhi
- 77. The Deputy Director(Admn.), NSSO (FOD), Mahalonobis Bhavan, 6th Floor, 164, G.L.Tagore Road, Kolkata-700108.

Director (Budget)
Central Board of Direct Taxes

EXAMPLE - 1

For Assessment Year 2011-2012

tax in the case of a male employee having gross salary income of:

00/-.

00/-

W-

200/- and

DOO/-

	(Rupees) (i)	(Rupees) (ii)	(Rupees) (iii)	(Rupees) (iv)	(Rupees) (v)
recome (Including allowances)	1,50,000/-	2,00,000/-	5,00,000/-	10,00,000	20,00,000
GP.F.	10,000/-	45,000/-	50,000/-	1,00,000/-	1,00,000/-

Computation of Total Income and tax payable thereon

	(Rupees) (i)	(Rupees) (ii)	(Rupees) (iii)	(Rupees) (iv)	(Rupees) (v)
	1,50,000	2,00,000	5,00,000	10,00,000	20,00,000
U/s 80C	10,000	45,000	50,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
	1,40,000	1,55,000	4,50,000	9,00,000	19,00,000
	Nil	Nil	29,000	1,24,000	4,24,000
2%	40/-	820/-	3,420/-		
2%.	Nil	Nil	580	2480	8480
and Higher					
01%	Nil	Nil	290	1240	4240
payable 206AA in case	Nil	Nil	29,870	1,27,720	4,36,720
not furnished by					
	Nil	Nil	90,000	1,80,000	4,36,720

.

ngaraja

tutional

re Road,

axes

Calculation of Income Tax in the case of a <u>male employee</u> assessee having a handicapped dependent (With valid PAN furnished to employer).

	Particulars:		Bs.3.2	0,000/-
1. 2.	Gross Salary Amount spent on treatment of a dep with disability (but not severe disabil	ity)		7,000/-
3.4.5.	Amount paid to LIC with regard to ar maintenance of a dependant, being disability(but not severe disability) GPF Contribution LIP Paid	person with	Rs. 2	0,000/- 5,000/- 0,000/-
		Computation of Tax		
			Rs.3,	20,000/-
	Gross Salary Less: Deduction U/s 80DD (Restric	ted to Rs.50,000/- only)		5 <u>0,000/-</u> 70,000/-
	Taxable Income Less: Deduction u/s 80C: GPF LIP Total Total Income Income Tax thereon/payable	25,000/- 10.000/- 35,000/-	Rs. 2 Rs. Rs.	35,000/- 2,35,000/- 7,500/-
	Add: Education Cess @2%: Secondary and Higher Educ	ation Cess @1%	Rs.	75/-
	Total Income tax Payable		Rs. Rs.	7,725/- 7,730/-

Round off to

ion of Income Tax in the case of a male employee where medical treatment expenditure was borne by

For Assessment Year 2011-2012

Rs. 60,000/-

Rs. 20,000/-

2011-2012

(With valid

00/-

00/-

00/-

00/-00/-

,000/-<u>000/-</u> 0,000/-

5<u>,000/-</u> 35,000/-7,500/-150/-

75/-

7,725/-7,730/-

telculars:	Rs.3,00,000/-
al Reimbursement by employer on the ment of self and dependent family member	Rs. 30,000/- Rs. 20,000/-
inibution of GPF premium	Rs. 20,000/- Rs 25,000/-
D. 11 11 A discond	119 25,000

yment of House Building Advance on fees for two children tment in Unit Linked Insurance Plan

oyer (With valid PAN furnished to employer).

Computation of Tax

Salary Medical	Rs.3,00,000/-
Perquisite in respect of reimbursement of Medical nses in excess of Rs.15,000/- in view of Sec.17(2)(v) le Income	<u>Rs.</u> <u>15.000/-</u> Rs.3,15,000/-

Deduction u/s 80C:

20,000/-25,000/-25,000/-60,000/estment in Unit-Linked Insurance Plan 1,45,000/-

Rs.1,00,000/estricted to Rs. 1,00,000/Rs. 2,15,000/-

20,000/-

Acome:

Pable

Scation Cess @ 2%:

Sprindary and Higher Education Cess @ 1%

Rs. 5,500/Rs. 110/Rs. 55/-

Rs. 5,665/-Rs. 5,670/-

For Assessment Year 2010-201

Illustrative calculation of House Rent Allowance U/s 10 (13A)in respect of residential accommodation situate in Delhi in case of a <u>female employee</u> (With valid PAN furnished to employer).

	Particulars:		
2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	House Rent Allowance House rent paid		Rs.2,50,000/- Rs.1,00,000/- Rs.1,40,000/- Rs.1,44,000/- Rs. 36,000/- Rs. 4,000/-
	Computa	tion of total income and tax payable thereon	
1.	Salary + D.A. + House Rent Allowan (2,50,000+1,00,000+1,40,000+4,90,000+1,4		Rs.4,90,000/-
2. 3.	Total Salary income Less: House Rent allowance exemp		Rs.4,90,000/-
	 Least of: a. Actual amount of HRA received= b. Expenditure of rent in excess of D.A. presufning that D.A. is take 	10% of salary (including	
	(1,44,000-35,000) = 1,09,000 c. 50% of Salary(Basic+ DA) = Rs. Gross Total Income : Less: Deduction u/s 80C:	1,75,000	Rs.1,09,000/- Rs.3,81,000/-
	GPF LIC Subscription to Unit	36,000/- 4,000/-	
	Linked Insurance Plan Total: Total Income: Tax payable on total income	<u>50,000/-</u> 90,000/-	Rs. 90,000/- Rs.2,91,000/- Rs. 10,100/-
	Add:		·
	Education Cess @ 2% Secondary and Higher Educatio	n Cess @1%	Rs. 202/- Rs. 101/-
	Total Income Tax Payable Rounded off to		Rs. 10,403/- Rs. 10,400/-

2010-2011

on situated

00/-00/-00/-00/-0/-

0/-

0/-

00/-

00/-

<u>000/-</u> 000/-

00/-000/-00/-

202/-01/-

103/-100/-

For Assessment Year 2011-2012

Rs. 1,14,740/-

Parluation of perquisite and calculation of tax in the case of a <u>male employee</u> of a private company in the was provided accommodation in a flat at concessional rate for ten months and in a hotel for two months).

PAN furnished to employer).

And fulfills fied to employer).		
		Rs. 7,00,000/-
		Rs. 1,40,000/-
electricity, water etc. (Actual		
by company)		Rs. 40,000/-
eaccessional rate (for ten months)		Rs. 3,60,000/-
paid by employer (for two months)		Rs. 1,00,000/-
evered from employee		Rs. 60,000/-
miture		Rs. 2,00,000/-
on to Unit Linked		Rs. 50,000/-
Plan Wio Bramium		Rs. 50,000/- Rs. 10,000/-
Marce Premium		Rs. 42,000/-
tis less term infrastructure banda (2000)	=)	Rs. 42,000/-
ent in long term infrastructure bonds (80CCI	「) Il income and tax paid thereon	ns. 20,000/-
Computation of total	il income and tax paid thereon	Rs. 7,00,000/-
		Rs. <u>1,40,,000</u> /-
The for Valuation of Dorquisito		HS. <u>1,40,,000</u> /-
lary for Valuation of Perquisite		Rs. 8,40,000/-
0,000 per month		ns. 6,40,000/-
nof perquisites		
for flat:	N5 000/)	
of (15% of salary for ten months = Rs.1,0		
ctual rent paid=3,60,000)	Rs. 1,05,000/-	
of hotel		
of (24% of salary of 2 mths=33,600),	Rs. 33,600/-	
or furniture (Rs.2,00,000) @ 10% of cost	Rs. 20,000/-	
*** Turniture (As.2,00,000) @ 10 % 01 cost	Rs. 1,58,600/-	
transported from ampleyee	Rs. 60,000/-	
xecovere d from employee	Rs. 98,600/-	
for transport of a water	Rs. 40,000/-	1
n, for free gas, elec. water	Rs. 1,38,600/-	
(8 40 000 t 1 29 600)	ns. 1,30,000/-	Do 0.79 600/-
Theome (8,40,000+1,38,600)	•	Rs. 9,78,600/-
U/s 80C:	42.000/	
Fund (80C)	42,000/-	4
tion to Unit Linked Insurance Plan	10,000/-	
	50,000/-	
nent in Infrastructure Bond (80CCF)	20,000/-	
100 000 m/s 80C and Bo 20	1,22,000/-	Po 1 20 000/-
Is Rs. 1 ,00,000 u/s 80C and Rs. 20	J,000 u/s 80 CCF	Rs.1,20,000/-
		Rs.8,58,600/-
		Rs.1,11,400/- Nil
		Rs 22,28/-
@ 2%		Rs. 11,14/-
Higher Education Cess @1%		Rs. 1,14,742/-
		ns. 1,14,/42/-

For Assessment Year 2011-201

Illustrating Valuation of perquisite and calculation of tax in the case of a <u>female employee</u> of a Private Compan posted at Delhi and repaying House Building Loan (With valid PAN furnished to employer).

Particulars:		
1. Salary		Rs.3,00,000/-
2. Dearness Allowance		Rs.1,00,000/-
3. House rent allowance		Rs.1,80,000/-
4. Special Duties Allowance		Rs. 12,000/-
5. Provident Fund		Rs. 60,000/-
6. LIP		
7. Deposit in NSC VIII issue		Rs. 10,000/-
8. Rent paid by the employee for house hired by her		Rs. 30,000/-
9. Repayment of House Building Loan (Principal)		Rs.1,20,000/-
10. Tution Fees for three children (Rs. 10,000/- per child	d)	Rs. 60,000/- Rs. 30,000/-
Committee		
1. Gross salary	come and tax payable there	<u>eon</u>
(Basic+DA+HRA+SDA)		Rs.5,92,000/-
•		
Less: House rent allowance exempt U/s 10 (13A) Least of:		
a. Actual amount of HRA received	1.00.000/	
b. Expenditure on rent in excess of 10% of	1,80,000/-	
salary (Including D.A.) assuming D.A. is		
including for retirement benefits (1,20,000-40,00	0) 80,000/-	
c. 50% of salary (including D.A)	2,00,000/-	(-) 80,000/-
Gross Total Taxable Income		Rs.5,12,000/-
Less: Deduction U/s 88 C		, –, 200
i. Provident Fund	60,000/-	
ii. LIP	10,000/-	
iii. NSC VIII Issue	30,000/-	
iv. Repayment of HBA	60,000/-	
v. Tution Fees (Restricted to two children)		
Total	20,000/-	
Restricted to	1,80,000/-	
Total Income:		1,00,000/-
Tax Payable		4,12,000/-
Add:		25,200/-
Education Cess @ 2% Secondary and Higher Education Cell @1%		504/-
Total Tax Payable		252/-
Rounded off to		Rs. 25956/-
		Rs. 25960/-

Form No. 12BA [(See Rule 26A(2)(b)]

went showing particulars of perquisites, other fringe benefits or amenities and profits in lieu of salary with thereof

and address of employer:

Assessment Range of the employer:

designation and PAN of employee:

employee a director or a person with:

the employer is a company)

under the head "Salaries" of the employee :

man from perquisites)

sial Year :

n of Perquisites

Nature of perquisite (See Rule 3)	Value of perquisite as per rules (Rs.)	Amount, if any recovered from the employee (Rs.)	Amount of taxable perquisite chargeable to tax Col(3) - Col(4) (Rs.)
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ommodation			
Other automotive			
eper, gardener, watchman			
rsonal attendant			
electricity, water			
st free or concessional loans			
expenses			
concessional travel			
meals			
ducation			
chers etc.			
cerd expenses			
expe nses			
movable assets by employees			
er of assets to employees			
any other benefit/amenity/			
and the second of the second 			
Lens (non-qualified options)			
wills or amenities			
of perquisites			
et Profits in lieu of			
17(3)			

0/-0/-

00/-0/-

0/-0/-0/-

00/-0/-0/-

00/-

00/-

000/-

000/-000/-200/-

504/-252/-**956/-**60/-

Э. D	Gialis Of tax, -	
(а	a) Tax deducted from salary of the employee u/s 192(1)	
(b	Tax paid by employer on behalf of the employee u/s 192(1A)	
(0	c) Total tax paid	
(0	d) Date of payment into Government treasury	EMPLOYER
	DECLARATION BY EMPLO	YER
1	s/o	working as
	gnation) do hereby declare on behalf of	
	nformation given above is based on the books of account, docum	
	able with us and the details of value of each such perquisite are	
	under and that such information is true and correct.	
		City and the company of the city and city a
Place	a	
Date		Designation

F.No. SW/TDS/TIN/1/2010-DIT(S)-II Directorate of Income-tax (System) New Delhi

REVISED PROCEDURE

hishing of Quarterly e-TDS/TCS Statements by deductors/collectors

CUARTERLY ELECTRONIC STATEMENTS FURNISHED THROUGH TIN-FC: After preparing and validating the quarterly e-TDS/TCS, the deductor/collector shall furnish the same at any TIN-FC managed by NSDL. **Status**

- Each quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement (Form 24Q, 26Q, 27Q and 27EQ) is in a separate computer media.
- Computer media to be used for furnishing e-TDS/TCS statements will be as defined by e-TDS Intermediary with approval of e-filing Administrator.
- Each quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is accompanied by a duly filled and signed (by an authorized signatory) Form 27A in physical form.
- Each quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is in one computer media, it should not span across multiple computer media.
- Quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement should be compressed, if required, only by using licensed version of Winzip 8.1 or ZipltFast 3.0 (or higher version) compression utility to ensure quick and smooth acceptance of the file.

There is no overwriting/striking on Form 27A. If there is any, then the same should be ratified by an authorized signatory.

No bank challan or copy of TDS/TCS certificate or physical copies of certificates or no/low deduction of TDS is required to be furnished along with the statements.

TAN of deductor is mandatory to be mentioned in the statement. Statement shall not be accepted if TAN is not quoted.

TAN details (name, address, etc.,) of the deductor as provided in the quarterly e-TDS/TCS element should be same as in the TAN database maintained by ITD (these details can be verified with the TIN-FC or the ITD web-site www.incometaxindia.gov.in). If they are different the deductor hall submit a TAN change request application to update the ITD TAN database or a copy of the knowledgment of TAN change request already submitted.

branch or Drawing and Disbursement Officer (DDO) of a deductor/collector furnishing mate quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement should furnish the quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement quoting trate TAN issued to each branch/DDO respectively.

forly e-TDS/TCS statement pertains to the period for which they are allowed to furnish.

quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement has been successfully validated through the latest version of the

totals, TAN and name mentioned in the quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement match with those med on Form 27A.

media is virus free.

TDS/TCS Statements by e-TDS Intermediary (NSDL and TIN-FC branches)

ARTERLY E-TDS/TCS STATEMENT BY TIN-FC: After deductor/collector furnishes

statement to TIN-FC in the manner prescribed, TIN-FC will carry out format

the checks to validate the quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement.

•TDS/TCS statement is valid TIN-FC will issue a Provisional Receipt to the The Provisional Receipt issued by TIN-FC to deductor/collector is deemed to be the entry e-TDS/TCS statements furnished by the deductor/collector.

employer) the

nd rules frame

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responsible tax 2.1.1.2 Deductor/collector will pay upload fee along with service tax (as applicable – 10.20% at present) by demand draft or cash to the TIN-FC for every accepted quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement.

Maximum charges payable per quarterly e-TDS/e-TCS statement accepted:

No. of Deductee Records in e-TDS/TCS Statement	Upload Charges	Upload Charges inclusive of service tax
Upto 100 deductee records	' 27.50/-	' 30/-
101 to 1000 deductee records	' 165/-	' 182/-
More than 1000 deductee records	' 550/-	' 606/-

- 2.1.1.3 TIN-FC will return the computer media containing the e-TDS/TCS statement to the deductor/collector
- 2.1.1.4 TIN-FC will retain physical Form 27A along with other documents, if any, furnished by the deductor/ collector. The retained physical Form 27A along with documents, if any, shall be stored by the TIN-FC for a period of one year from date of receipt of the statement.
- 2.1.2 NON-ACCEPTANCE: TIN-FC will not accept the quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement furnished by deductor/collector if:
- 2.1.2.1 each quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement (Form 24Q, 26Q, 27Q or 27EQ) is not furnished in a separate computer media along with duly filled and signed Form 27A in physical form;
- 2.1.2.2 separate Form 27A is not furnished for each quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement;
- 2.1.2.3 striking and overwriting, if any, on Form 27A are not duly ratified by the person who has signed Form 27A;
- 2.1.2.4 more than one quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is furnished in one computer media;
- 2.1.2.5 more than one computer media is used for furnishing one quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement;
- 2.1.2.6 quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is compressed using a compression utility other than winzip 8.1 of ZipItFast 3.0 (or higher version) compression utility;
- 2.1.2.7 quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is not in conformity with the file formats prescribed by ITD;
- 2.1.2.8 TAN stated in quarterly e-TDS/TCS statement is not present in TAN Master database and deductor collector does not submit any proof of TAN stated in the statement;
- 2.1.2.9 deductor/collector does not have a TAN;
- 2.1.2.10 name/address of deductor/collector displayed on TAN Master database does not match with name address stated on Form 27A and deductor/collector does not provide TAN change request;
- 2.1.2.11 mismatch of control totals as per with Form 27A and as per e-file;
- 2.1.2.12 the quarterly statement has not been successfully passed through the latest version of FVU;
- 2.1.2.13 Quarterly e-TDS/TCS statements do not pertain to the period for which deductors/collectors are allowed to submit their statements.
- 2.1.2.14 Computer media is not virus free.

In such cases, TIN-FC shall issue a pre-printed Non - Acceptance Memo citing reasons for non acceptance to the deductor/collector to carry out necessary corrections.

In case of non-acceptance, TIN-FC shall return the computer media as well as any other documents furnishe and physical Form 27A to the deductor/collector.

No fee will be charged for the e-TDS/e-TCS statement that is not accepted.

sent) by

ANNEXURE IV

"Person Responsible for filing Form No. 24G in case of State Govt. Departments"

AG (States)

PAO/DTO

F

Sub Treasury office

CDDO

DDO

of Reporting Book Entry	Person Responsible (AIN holder) for filing 24G.	
A	PAO / DTO	
В .	PAO / DTO	
C	PAO / DTO	
D	PAO / DTO ·	
E	CDDO	
F	STO	

	Accountant General	
	Pay & Accounts Officer	
	District Treasury Office	
	Sub Treasury Office	
3	Drawing & Disbursing Officer	
	Cheque Drawing & Disbursing Officer	
450011		

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or/collector e deductor/ the TIN-FC

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signed Form

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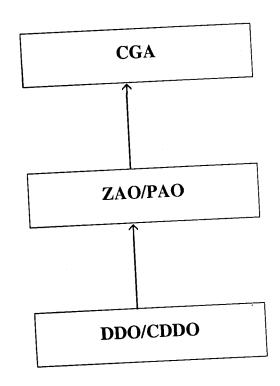
FVU;

ors are allowed

ceptance to th

nents furnishe

"Person Responsible for filing Form No. 24G in case of Central Govt. Departments"



ZAO/PAO of Central Governments Ministries is responsible for filing of Form No. 24G on monthly basis.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)
(ECB & PR Division)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 22nd December, 2003

5/7/2003-ECB&PR- The government approved on 23rd August, 2003 the proposal to implement the budget sment of 2003-04 relating to introducing a new restructured defined contribution pension system for new entrants all Government service, except to Armed Forces, in the first stage, replacing the existing system of defined ension system

the system would be mandatory for all new recruits to the Central Government service from 1st of January 2004 except the armed forces in the first stage). The monthly contribution would be 10 percent of the salary and DA be paid by the employee and matched by the Central government. However, there will be no contribution form Government in respect of individuals who are not Government employees. The contribution and investment turns would be deposited in a non-withdrawable pension tier-I account. The existing provisions of defined nefit pension and GPF would not be available to the new recruits in the Central Government service.

addition to the above pension account, each individual may also have a voluntary tier-II withdrawable account is option. This option is given as GPF will be withdrawn for new recruits in Central government service. The vernment will make no contribution into this account. These assets would be managed through exactly the overprocedures. However, the employee would be free to withdraw part or all of the 'second tier' of his money time. This withdrawable account does not constitute pension investment, and would attract no special tax timent.

duals can normally exit at or after age 60 years for tier-I of the pension system. At the exit the individual be mandatorily required to invest 40 percent of pension wealth to purchase an annuity (from an IRDA-ted life insurance company). In case of Government employees the annuity should provide for pension for etime of the employee and his dependent parents and his spouse at the time of retirment. The individual received a lump-sum of the remaining pension wealth, which he would be free to utilize in any manner. Luals would have the flexibility to leave the pension system prior to age 60. However, in this case, the latory annuitisation would be 80% of the pension wealth.

of the new Pension System

eve a central record keeping and accounting (CRA) infrastructure, several pension fund managers (PFMs) three categories of schemes viz. option A, B and C.

ticipating entities (PFMs and CRA) would give out easily understood information about past performance, the individual would be able to make informed choices about which scheme to choose.

date for operationalization of the new pension system shall be from 1st of January, 2004.

U.K. SINNHA, Jt. Secy.

No. 24G O

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MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)
(Central Board of Direct Taxes)
Notification

New Delhi, the 24th November, 2000

INCOME-TAX

S.O.1048 (E) - In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (i) of clause (18) of Section 10 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government, hereby specifies the gallantry awards for the purposes of the said Section, mentioned in column 2 of the table below awarded in the circumstances as mentioned in corresponding column 3 thereof:-

Table

SI. N	lo. Name of gallantry award	displayed by them in life saving acts. - do - - do - When awarded for acts of exceptional courage displayed by members of police forces, Central police or security forces and certified to this effect by the head of the department concerned. - do - When awarded for acts of courage or conspicious gallantry and supported by certificate issued to this effect by relevant service headquarters. - do - - do - When awarded for acts of courage or conspicuous gallantry and supported by certificate issued to this effect by relevant service headquarters. - do - - do - When awarded for acts of courage or conspicuous gallantry and supported by certificate issued to this effect by the last Head of Department. -do- dal for Gallantry -do-
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Ashok Chakra	When awarded to Civilians for gallantry
2.	Kirti Chakra	- do -
3.	Shaurya Chakra	- do -
4.	Sarvottan Jeevan Raksha Padak	When awarded to Civilians for bravery displayed by them in life saving acts.
5.	Uttam Jeevan Raksha Medal	- do -
6.	Jeevan Raksha Padak	
7.	President's Police Medal for gallantry	courage displayed by members of police forces, Central police or security forces and certified to this effect by the head of the
8.	Police Medal for Gallantry	- do -
9.	Sena Medal	conspicious gallantry and supported by certificate issued to this effect by
10.	Nao Sena Medal	- do -
	Vayu Sena Medal	- do —
12.		or conspicuous gallantry and supported by certificate issued to this effect by
13.	President's Police & Fire Services Medal for Gallantry	-do-
14.	President's Fire Services Medal for Gallantry	-do-
15.	President's Home Guards and Civil Defence Medal for Gallantry	-do-
16.	Home Guard and Civil Defence Medal for Gallantry	-do-

(Notification No. 1156/F.No.142/29/99-TPL)

NEXURE-VI

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Income-tax

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ANNEXURE VII

MINISTRY OF FINANCE Department of Revenue Central Board of Direct Taxes

New Delhi, the 29th January, 2001

81(E)- In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (i) of clause (18) of Section 10 of the Income –tax Act, of 1961)), the Central Government, hereby specifies the gallanty awards for the purposes of the said Section that purpose makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Department of Revenue (Central Board of Direct Taxes) number S.O.1048(E), dated the 24th November nely:-

the said notification, in the Table, against serial numbers 1,2 and 3 under cloumn (3) relating to "Circumstances" the words "to civilians" shall be omitted.

No.22/F.No.142/29/99-TPL)

T.K. SHAH Director

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orted ct by nt.

> T.K. SHA Directe

FORM NO. 10BA (See rule 11B) DECLARATION TO BE FILED BY THE ASSESSEE CLAIMING DEDUCTION U/S 80 GG

I/We		
(Na	ame of the assessee with permanent account number)	
	evious YearI/We had occupied the premise	
	pose of my/our own residence for a period of	
	In cash/through crossed cheque, bank draft tow	ards payment of rent to
Shri/Ms/M/s	(name and complete address of the landlord).	
It is further certified that no other	er residential accommodation is owned by	
	ur family (in case the assessee is HUF), at	where
	s of officer or employment or carry on business or profession	
	ng accommodation in my occupation, the value of which	

URE-VIII



MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Revenue) (CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES) NOTIFICATION New Delhi, the 9th July, 2010 INCOME-TAX

S.O. 1639(E). - In exercise of the powers conferred by section 80CCF of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the tral Government hereby specifies bonds, subject to the following conditions, as long-term infrastructure bonds for the purposes the said section namely:

- Name of the bond The name of the bond shall be "Long-term Infrastructure Bond".
- (b) Issuer of the bond The bond shall be issued by:-
 - (i) Industrial Finance Corporation of India;
 - (ii) Life Insurance Corporation of India;
 - (iii) Infrastructure Development Finance Company Limited;
 - (iv) A Non-Banking Finance Company classified as an Infrastructure Finance Company by the Reserve Bank of India:

(c) Limit on issuance -

- (i) The bond will be issued during financial year 2010-11;
- (ii) The volume of issuance during the financial year shall be restricted to twenty-five per cent of the incremental infrastructure investments made by the issuer during the financial year 2009-10;
- (iii) Investment' for the purposes of this limit includes loans, bonds, and other forms of debt, quasi-equity, preference equity and equity.

Tenure of the bond -

- (i) A minimum period of ten years.
- The minimum lock-in period for an investor shall be five years:
- (iii) After the lock in, the investor may exit either through the secondary market or through a buyback facility, specified by the issuer in the issue document at the time of issue;
- (w) The bond shall also be allowed as pledge or lien or hypothecation for obtaining loans from Scheduled Commercial Banks, after the said lock-in period;

ermanent Account Number (PAN) to be furnished – It shall be mandatory for the subscribers to furnish the PAN to the issuer;

of the bond – The yield of the bond shall not exceed the yield on government securities of corresponding that maturity, as reported by the Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India (FIMMDA), and the last working day of the month immediately preceding the month of the issue of the bond;

use of proceeds and reporting or monitoring mechanism -

The proceeds shall be utilizes towards infrastructure lending' as defined by the Reserve Bank of India in the Guidelines: issued by it;

end-use shall be duly reported in the Annual Reports and other reports—submitted by the issuer to the equiatory Authority concerned, and specifically certified by the Statutory Auditor of the issuer;

issuer shall also file these along with term sheets to the Infrastructure Division, Department of Economic flairs, and Ministry of Finance within three months from the end of financial year.

(TPL)]

VIMAL ANAND, Under Secy.

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MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Revenue) (CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES) NOTIFICATION 11th June, 2010 INCOME-TAX

S.O. 1414(E). - In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (iii) of clause (10) of Section 10 of the Income-Tax A 1961 (43 of 1961), and in supersession of Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, notification No. S.O. 287 dated the 20 January, 1999 the Central Government having regard to the maximum amount of any gratuity payable to employees, hereby specificated lake rupees as the limit for the purpose of the said sub-clause in relation to the employees who retire or become capacitated prior to such retirement or die on or after the 24th day of May, 2010 or whose employment is terminated or after the said date.

[Notification No. 43/2010/F.No. 200/33/2009-ITA-PADAM SINGH, Under Sec

Note: The Principal, Notification was last amended by Notification No. S.O. 287 dated 20-1-1999.

KURE-X

[TO BE PUBLISHED IN THE GAZETTE OF INDIA EXTRAORDINARY,PART-II,SECTION 3, SUB-SECTION (ii)]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Revenue) (CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES)

Notification

New Delhi, the 31st May, 2010

INCOME-TAX

5.0. 1261(E).- In exercise of the powers conferred by section 295 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Income-tax Rules, 1962, namely:-

- 1. (1) These rules may be called the Income-tax (6th Amendment) Rules, 2010.
- (2) They shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 2010.

In the Income-tax Rules, 1962, -

for rules 30, 31, 31A and 31 AA the following rules shall be substituted, namely:-

me and mode of payment to Government account of tax deducted at source or tax under sub-section (1A) of section 192.

Il sums deducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter XVII-B by an office of Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central Government -

- (a) on the same day where the tax is paid without production of an income-tax challan; and
 - (b) on or before seven days from the end of the month in which the deduction is made or income-tax is due under sub-section (1A) of section 192, where tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
 - than an office of the Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central
 - on or before 30th day of April where the income or amount is credited or paid in the month of March; and
 - in any other case, on or before seven days from the end of the month in which-
 - (i) the deduction is made; or
 - (ii) income-tax is due under sub-section (1A) of section 192.

distanding anything contained in sub-rule (2), in special cases, the Assessing may, with the prior approval of the Joint Commissioner, permit quarterly

e-Tax Act, d the 20th y specifies ecome in ninated on

009-ITA-1] nder Secy. payment of the tax deducted under section 192 or section 194A or section 194D or section 194H for the quarters of the financial year specified to in column (2) of the Table below by the date referred to in column (3) of the said Table:-

Table

Sl.	Quarter of the Financial Year ended on	
No.	quarter of the Financial Fear ended on	Date for quarterly payment
(1)	(2)	(2)
1.	30 th June	7 th July
2.	30th September	7 th October
3.	31st December	7 th January
4.	31st March	30 th April.

B.- Mode of payment

- (4) In the case of an office of the Government, where tax has been paid to the credit of the Central Government without the production of a challan, the Pay and Accounts Officer or the Treasury Officer or the Cheque Drawing and Disbursing Officer or any other person by whatever name called to whom the deductor reports the tax so deducted and who is responsible for crediting such sum to the credit of the Central Government, shall-
 - (a) submit a statement in Form No. 24G within ten days from the end of the month to the agency authorised by the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) in respect of tax deducted by the deductors and reported to him for that month; and
 - (b) intimate the number (hereinafter referred to as the Book Identification Number) generated by the agency to each of the deductors in respect of whom the sum deducted has been credited.
- (5) For the purpose of sub-rule (4), the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) shall specify the procedures, formats and standards for ensuring secure capture and transmission of data, and shall also be responsible for the day-to-day administration in relation to furnishing the information in the manner so specified.
- (6) (i) Where tax has been deposited accompanied by an income-tax challan, the amount of tax so deducted or collected shall be deposited to the credit of the Central Government by remitting it within the time specified in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) or in sub-rule (2) or in sub-rule (3) into any branch of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank;
 - (ii) Where tax is to be deposited in accordance with clause (i), by persons referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 125, the amount deducted shall be electronically remitted into the Reserve Bank of India or the State Bank of India or any authorised bank accompanied by an electronic income-tax challan.
 - (7) For the purpose of this rule, the amount shall be construed as electronically remitted to the Reserve Bank of India or to the State Bank of India or to any authorised bank, if the amount is remitted by way of-

- (a) internet banking facility of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank; or
- (b) debit card.
- (8) Where tax is deducted before the 1^{st} day of April, 2010, the provisions of this rule shall apply as they stood immediately before their substitution by the Income-tax (Amendment) Rules, 2010.

Certificate of tax deducted at source to be furnished under section 203.

- **31.** (1) The certificate of deduction of tax at source by any person in accordance with Chapter XVII-B or the certificate of payment of tax by the employer on behalf of the employee under sub-section (1A) of section 192 shall be in-
 - (a) Form No. 16, if the deduction or payment of tax is under section 192; and
 - (b) Form No. 16A if the deduction is under any other provision of Chapter XVII-B.
 - (2) The certificate referred to in sub-rule (1) shall specify:-
 - (a) valid permanent account number (PAN) of the deductee;
 - (b) valid tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) of the deductor;
 - (c) (i) book identification number or numbers where deposit of tax deducted is without production of challan in case of an office of the Government;
 - (ii)challan identification number or numbers in case of payment through bank.
 - (d) (i) receipt number of the relevant quarterly statement of tax deducted at source which is furnished in accordance with the provisions of rule 31A;
 - (ii) receipt numbers of all the relevant quarterly statements in case the statement referred to in clause (i) is for tax deducted at source from income chargeable under the head "Salaries".
 - (3) The certificates in Forms specified in column (2) of the Table below shall be furnished to the employee or the payee, as the case may be, as per the periodicity specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) and by the time specified in the corresponding entry in column (4) of the said Table:

Table

Sl. No.	Form No.	Periodicity	Due date
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	16	Annual	By 31st day of May of the financial year immediately following the financial year in which the income was paid and tax deducted
2.	16A	Quarterly	Within fifteen days from the due date for furnishing the statement of tax deducted at source under rule 31A.

- (4) If an assessee is employed by more than one employer during the year, each of the employers shall issue Part A of the certificate in Form No. 16 pertaining to the period for which such assessee was employed with each of the employers and Part B may be issued by each of the employers or the last employer at the option of the assessee.
- (5) The deductor may issue a duplicate certificate in Form No. 16 or Form No. 16A if the deductee has lost the original certificate so issued and makes a request for issuance of a duplicate certificate and such duplicate certificate is certified as duplicate by the deductor.
- (6) (i) Where a certificate is to be furnished in Form No. 16, the deductor may, at his option, use digital signatures to authenticate such certificates.
 - (ii) In case of certificates issued under clause (i), the deductor shall ensure that-
 - (a) the provisions of sub-rule (2) are complied with;
 - (b) once the certificate is digitally signed, the contents of the certificates are not amenable to change; and
 - (c) the certificates have a control number and a log of such certificates is maintained by the deductor.
- (7) Where a certificate is to be furnished for tax deducted before the 1st day of April, 2010, it shall be furnished in the Form in accordance with the provisions of the rules as they stood immediately before their substitution by the Incometax (Amendment) Rules, 2010.

Explanation.- For the purpose of this rule and rule 37D, challan identification number means the number comprising the Basic Statistical Returns (BSR) Code of the Bank branch where the tax has been deposited, the date on which the tax has been deposited and challan serial number given by the bank.

Statement of deduction of tax under sub-section (3) of section 200.

- **31A.** (1) Every person responsible for deduction of tax under Chapter XVII-B, shall, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 200, deliver, or cause to be delivered, the following quarterly statements to the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) or the person authorised by the Director General of Income-tax (Systems), namely:-
 - (a) Statement of deduction of tax under section 192 in Form No. 240;
 - (b) Statement of deduction of tax under sections 193 to 196D in-
 - (i) Form No. 27Q in respect of the deductee who is a non-resident not being a company or a foreign company or resident but not ordinarily resident; and
 - (ii) Form No. 26Q in respect of all other deductees.
- (2) Statements referred to in sub-rule (1) for the quarter of the financial year ending with the date specified in column (2) of the Table below shall be furnished by the due date specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) of the said Table:-

Table

Sl. No.	Date of ending of the quarter of the financial year	Due date
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	30 th June	15th July of the financial year
2.	30 th September	15th October of the financial year
3.	31st December	15th January of the financial year
4.	31st March	15th May of the financial year immediately following the financial year in which deduction is made

- (3) (i) The statements referred to in sub-rule (1) may be furnished in any of the following manners, namely:-
 - (a) furnishing the statement in paper form;
 - (b) furnishing the statement electronically in accordance with the procedures, formats and standards specified under sub-rule (5) alongwith the verification of the statement in Form 27A.

(ii) Where,-

- (a) the deductor is an office of the Government; or
- (b) the deductor is the principal officer of a company; or
- the deductor is a person who is required to get his accounts audited under section 44AB in the immediately preceding financial year; or
- the number of deductee's records in a statement for any quarter of the financial year are twenty or more,

the deductor shall furnish the statement in the manner specified in item (b) of clause (i).

- (iii) Where deductor is a person other than the person referred to in clause (ii), the statements referred to in sub-rule (1) may, at his option, be delivered or cause to be delivered in the manner specified in item (b) of clause (i).
- (4) The deductor at the time of preparing statements of tax deducted shall,-
 - (i) quote his tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) in the statement;
 - (ii) quote his permanent account number (PAN) in the statement except in the case where the deductor is an office of the Government;
 - (iii) quote the permanent account number of all deductees;
 - (iv) furnish particulars of the tax paid to the Central Government including book identification number or challan identification number, as the case may be.
- (5) The Director General of Income-tax (Systems) shall specify the procedures, formats and standards for the purposes of furnishing of the statements and shall be

responsible for the day to day administration in relation to furnishing of the statements in the manner so specified.

(6) Where a statement of tax deducted at source is to be furnished for tax deducted before the 1st day of April, 2010, the provisions of this rule and rule 37A shall apply as they stood immediately before their substitution or omission by the Income-tax

Statement of collection of tax under proviso to sub-section (3) of section 206C.

- 31AA. (1) Every collector, shall, in accordance with the provisions of the proviso to subsection (3) of section 206C, deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) or the person authorised by the Director General of Income-tax (Systems), a quarterly statement in Form No. 27EQ.
- Statements referred to in sub-rule (1) for the quarter of the financial year ending with the date specified in column (2) of the Table below shall be furnished by the due date specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) of the said Table:-

	Sl. No.	Ought Coluir	nn (3) of the said Table:-
	(1)	Quarter of the financial year ended	
	1.	30th June (2)	Due date
	2.	30th September	15th July of the 6
-	<u>.</u>	31st December	15 th July of the financial year 15 th October of the financial year
1	4.	31st March	
1			15th May of the financial year immediately following the financial year immediately
_			following the financial year immediately collection is made
	(3)	(i) The	collection is made
	(-)	(i) The statement referred to	

- (3) (i) The statement referred to in sub-rule (1) may be furnished in any of the (a)
 - furnishing the statement in paper form; (b)
 - furnishing the statement electronically in accordance with the procedures, formats and standards specified under sub-rule (5) alongwith the verification of the statement in Form 27A. (ii) Where,-

- the collector is an office of the Government; or (a)
- the collector is the principal officer of a company; or (b)
- the collector is a person who is required to get his accounts audited (c) under section 44AB in the immediately preceding financial year; (d)
- the number of collectee's records in a statement for any quarter of the

the $c\bar{o}$ llector shall furnish the statement in the manner specified in item (b) of clause (i).

- (iv) Where the collector is a person other than the person referred to in clause (ii), the statement referred to in sub-rule (1) may, at his option, be delivered or cause to be delivered in the manner specified in item (b) of clause (i).
- (4) The collector at the time of preparing statements of tax collected shall,-
 - (i) quote his tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) in the statement;
 - (ii) quote his permanent account number (PAN) in the statement except in the case where the collector is an office of the Government;
 - (iii) quote the permanent account number of all collectees;
 - (iv) furnish particulars of the tax paid to the Central Government including book identification number or challan identification number, as the case may be.
- (5) The Director General of Income-tax (Systems) shall specify the procedures, formats and standards for the purposes of furnishing of the statements and shall be responsible for the day to day administration in relation to furnishing of the statements in the manner so specified.
- (6) Where a statement of tax collected at source is to be furnished for tax collected before the $1^{\rm st}$ day of April, 2010, the provisions of this rule shall apply as they stood immediately before their substitution by the Income-tax (Amendment) Rules, 2010.";
- (b) rule 37A shall be omitted;
- (c) for rules 37CA and 37D, the following rules shall be substituted, namely:-

"Time and mode of payment to Government account of tax collected at source under section 206C.

37CA.

- (1) All sums collected in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (1C) of section 206C by an office of the Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central Government -
 - (a) on the same day where the tax is so paid without production of an income-tax challan; and
 - (b) on or before seven days from the end of the month in which the collection is made, where tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
- (2) All sums collected in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (1C) of section 206C by collectors other than an office of the Government shall be paid to the credit of the Central Government within one week from the last day of the month in which the collection is made.

- (3) In the case of an office of the Government, where tax has been paid to the credit of the Central Government without the production of a challan, the Pay and Accounts Officer or the Treasury Officer or the Cheque Drawing and Disbursing Officer or any other person by whatever name called to whom the collector reports the tax so collected and who is responsible for crediting such sum to the credit of the Central Government, shall-
 - (a) submit a statement in Form No. 24G within ten days from the end of the month to the agency authorised by the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) in respect of tax collected by the collectors and reported to him for that month; and
 - (b) intimate the number (hereinafter referred to as the Book Identification Number) generated by the agency to each of the collectors in respect of whom the sum collected has been credited.
 - (4) For the purpose of sub-rule (3), the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) shall specify the procedures, formats and standards for ensuring secure capture and transmission of data, and shall also be responsible for the day-to-day administration in relation to furnishing the information in the manner so specified.
 - (5) (i) Where tax has been deposited accompanied by an income-tax challan, the tax collected under sub-section (1) or sub-section (1C) of section 206C shall be deposited to the credit of the Central Government by remitting it within the
 - time specified in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) or in sub-rule (2) into any branch of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank.
 - (ii) Where tax is to be deposited in accordance with clause (i), by persons referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 125, the amount collected shall be electronically remitted into the Reserve Bank of India or the State Bank of India or any authorised bank accompanied by an electronic income-tax challan.
 - (6) For the purpose of this rule, the amount shall be construed as electronically remitted to the Reserve Bank of India or to the State Bank of India or to any authorised bank, if the amount is remitted by way of-
 - (a) internet banking facility of the Reserve Bank of India or of the State Bank of India or of any authorised bank; or
 - (b) debit card.
 - (7) Where tax is collected before the 1st day of April, 2010, the provisions of this rule shall apply as they stood immediately before their substitution by the Income-tax (Amendment) Rules, 2010.

Certificate of tax collected at source under section 206C(5).

37D. (1) The certificate of collection of tax at source under sub-section (5) of section 206C to be furnished by the collector shall be in Form 27D.

- (2) The certificate referred to in sub-rule (1) shall specify:-
- (a) valid permanent account number (PAN) of the collectee;
- (b) valid tax deduction and collection account number (TAN) of the collector;
- (c) (i) book identification number or numbers where deposit of tax collected is without production of challan in case of an office of the Government;
 - (ii)challan identification number or numbers in case of payment through bank;
- (d) receipt number of the relevant quarterly statement of tax collected at source which is furnished in accordance with the provisions of rule 31AA.
- (3) The certificate in the Form No. 27D referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be furnished to the collectee within fifteen days from the due date for furnishing the statement of tax collected at source specified under sub-rule (2) of rule 31AA.
- (4) The collector may issue a duplicate certificate in Form No. 27D if the collectee has lost the original certificate so issued and makes a request for issuance of a duplicate certificate and such duplicate certificate is certified as duplicate by the collector.
- (5) Where a certificate is to be furnished for tax collected before the 1st day of April, 2010, it shall be furnished in the Form in accordance with the provisions of the rules as they stood immediately before their substitution by the Income-tax (Amendment) Rules, 2010.";

(d) in Appendix-II,-

(i) for Form. No. 16 and Form No.16A, the following Forms shall be substituted, namely:-

				RM NO.16					
				ule 31(1)(a) ART A					
(Certificate under se	ection 203 o	f the Income-t	ax Act, 1961	for Tax dedu	icted	at source on Sa	lary	
Name and add							he Employee	<u> </u>	
Employer									
PAN of th		TANAS	the Deductor	DAN of 41	ho Emmlosso				
Deductor		IANOIT	me Deductor	PANOIU	he Employee				
	CIT/TDC				. 37				
Address	CIT(TDS		•••	Assessi	ment Year		Pe	riod	
	Pin code.						From	То	
City	in code.		ummary of ta	x deducted at	t source				
Quarter	Receipt Num		•		f tax deducte	d	Amou	nt of tou	
Quarter	statements of T	DS under		1	of the employee		e deposited/remitted in re		
	(3) of section 200) . 					the er	nployee	
Quarter 1						.			
Quarter 2 Quarter 3									
Quarter 4									
Total		ATTACK	# Park Alexander and Suite						
				(Refer Note 1	l)				
	ry paid and any otl	ner income	and tax deduc	eted					
1 Gro	oss Salary				Rs				
(a)	Salary as per pr	ovisions co	ntained in sec.1	7(1)	Rs		=		
(h)	Value of maravi	sitos v/s 17/	(2) (aa man Fama	. N. 12DD	D.,				
(b)	Value of perqui wherever applic		(2) (as per Form	n No.12BB,	Rs				
(c)	Profits in lieu o Form No.12BB)(as per	Rs.				
(d)	Total					Rs	S		
2	Less: Allowar	nce to the ex	ktent exempt u/	's 10					
	Allowance		R	S.	1				
	****				Rs.				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4	Rs	,		
					_		,		

	50					
	Balance(1-2)		R	s		
	Deductions:					
•	(a) Entertainment allowance	Rs.				
		Rs.				
		1	F	Rs		
•	Aggregate of 4(a) and (b) Income chargeable under the head 'salaries' (3-5)				Rs	
•						
7	Add: Any other income reported by the employee	1			1	1
	Income Rs.	4				
		4		Rs		
		4			Rs	
8	Gross total income (6+7)				1	
9	Deductions under Chapter VIA					
,	(A) sections 80C, 80CCC and 80CCD	1		Gross Amount	Deductible	
	(a) section 80C				amount	
	(i)			Rs		
	(ii)			Rs		ł
	(iii)			Rs		
	(iv)			Rs		
	(v)					Ì
	(vi)				Rs.	
	(vii)			Rs.	Rs.	
	(b) section 80CCC			Rs.	103.	1
	(c) Section 80CCD	ļ			į	}
	 Note: 1. Aggregate amount deductible under section 80C shall not exceed one lakh rupees. 2. Aggregate amount deductible under the three sections, i.e., 80C, 80CCC and 80CCD shall not exceed one lakh rupees. 					
	(B) Other sections (e.g. 80E, 80G etc.) under Chapter VI-	А.				
			Gross amount Rs.	Qualifyin amount Rs.		
	(i) section	- 1		- {	Rs.	
	(ii) section		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	(iii) section		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	(iv) section		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	(v) section		Rs.	Rs.	1	

10	Aggregate of deductible amount u	ander Chapter VIA		Rs					
11 7	Cotal Income (8-10)		Rs						
12 7	ax on total income			Rs					
13 E	Education cess @ 3% (on tax com	puted at S. No. 12)		Rs.					
14 T	ax Payable (12+13)			Rs.					
15 L	ess: Relief under section 89 (atta-	ch details)		Rs					
16 Т	ax payable (14-15)			Rs.					
		Verification		<u></u>					
and deposite	ed to the credit of the Central d correct and is based on the	n of Rs[Rs[Rs Government. I further certify that books of account, documents, TDS	(in words)] has	been deducted					
Flace									
Date		Signature of person responsible for	deduction of tax						
Designation:									

Notes:

- 1. If an assessee is employed under more than one employer during the year, each of the employers shall issue Part A of the certificate in Form No. 16 pertaining to the period for which such assessee was employed with each of the employers. Part B may be issued by each of the employers or the last employer at the option of the assessee.
- 2. Government deductors to enclose Annexure-**A** if tax is paid without production of an income-tax challan and Annexure-**B** if tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
- 3. Non-Government deductors to enclose Annexure-B.
- 4. The deductor shall furnish the address of the Commissioner of Income-tax (TDS) having jurisdiction as regards TDS statements of the assessee.
- 5. This Form shall be applicable only in respect of tax deducted on or after 1st day of April, 2010.

ANNEXURE-A

DETAILS OF TAX DEDUCTED AND DEPOSITED IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNT THROUGH BOOK ENTRY

(The Employer to provide payment wise details of tax deducted and deposited with respect to the employee)

S. No.	Tax Deposited in respect of the		Book identification number (BIN)																		
·	employee (Rs.)	Receipt numbers of Form No.24G						DDO Sequence Number in the Book Adjustment Mini Statement				Date on which tax deposited (dd/mm/yyyy)									
		1																			
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		1																			r
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		\vdash		<u> </u>			_								-	_	├	┝	Н		┝
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Total		Albert S					1.9					, de la composición della comp		74		September 2	. Marie Marie	s. de salaba da	irinaan ee		

Note:

1. In the column for TDS, give total amount for TDS, Surcharge (if applicable) and education cess.

ANNEXURE-B

DETAILS OF TAX DEDUCTED AND DEPOSITED IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT ACCOUNT THROUGH CHALLAN

(The Employer to provide payment wise details of tax deducted and deposited with respect to the employee)

S. No.	Tax Deposited in respect of the		-					Cha	llan	ide	ntif	icati	ion	nun	ber	(CI	N)				
	employee (Rs.)	E	BSR		e of ran	the ch	Bar	ık		E	d	lepo	site	ch ta ed yyy					llan S lumb	Serial er	
		1																<u> </u> 			
			_	_	 		<u> </u>					_	_					<u> </u>			
	•						_	<u> </u>	_												
Total		4.17			ine.	1 3 1 L			ptiali.	1 1		and t					filmilis em	ira ilis	100	ke ja	e dheer Die

Note:

1. In the column for TDS, give total amount for TDS, Surcharge (if applicable) and education cess.

									NO.1 31(1)												
		Certificate ui	ider se	ectio	n 20	3 of t					61 for	Tax de	ducted	l at so	ource	2				_	
Name and	l addre	ess of the Deduc									Name	and ad	dress	of the	Ded	luc	tee				
P	AN of t	he Deductor			T	AN o	f the	Ded	uctor				PAN	of the	Dec	luc	tee				
													·								
Address		CIT(TE							A	ssessm	ent Ye	ar			F	er	iod				
						•								Fron	n				To		
City		Pin coo	le				Sumn	narv	of pa	yment			<u> </u>								
	A moun	t paid/credited		Т						ment			D	ate o	f pay	me	ent/c	rec	dit		
	Amoun	n pard/credited	<u></u>	4			11441		ı puj												
			Sumi	nar	v of t	av de	educt	ed at	SOUT	ce in re	spect	of dedu	ctee		-						
		Receipt Numb								unt of					An	10 U	nt o	f ta	ax		
Quart	ter	statements of (3) of section 2	TDS	unc	der s	ub-se	ection	· •		spect of				lepos	ited/	rer		d i	in r	esp	ect
		•									***							•			
	The De	ETAILS OF TA eductor to provi Deposited in spect of the						THR of ta	OUC x ded	CH CH	ALLAN ind dep	N posited	with r	espec							
		deductee																			
		(Rs.)	Re	cei		ımbe lo.24	ers of G	f For	m		Book A	ence Ni djustn itemen	ient M		Γ		e or dep d/n	os	ite	d	
															П				T		T
	†							<u> </u>							П					T	
	\vdash	<u> </u>			 	-	-	\vdash	T						\sqcap	7	\dashv	7	寸	十	1
Total	-		3.075	ş.			je i		turi.	1.			. \$		1 14						
1000			NATE:	, <u>4</u> 14	32		1120	gad-a	.	100	-200			rand (dem		(F)					
		ETAILS OF TA						THI	ROU	GH CH	ALLA	N									
S. No.		Tax Deposited pect of the ded (Rs.)							Cha	allan id	lentifi	cation	numb	er (C	IN)						

	(Rs.)	BSF		of the anch	Ban	k	D		epo	site					llan S lumb	erial er	
Total							of come						1807				
(designation and deposit	, son/da n) do hereby certi ed to the credit of nd correct and is b cords.	ify that a su f the Centra	m of R l Gove	s rnmer	 1 t. I f	[Rs urthe	 cer	tify t	hat	the:	(in infor	word matic	ls)] h on giv	as be ven a	een d bove	educ is tri	ted 1e,
Place					•												
Date			Sigi	ature	of pe	rson r	spon	sible	for	ded	uction	n of ta	ıx				
Designation:			Full Nar														

Notes:

- 1. Government deductors to fill information in item I if tax is paid without production of an income-tax challan and in item II if tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
- 2. Non-Government deductors to fill information in item II.
- 3. In item I and II, in the column for TDS, give total amount for TDS, Surcharge (if applicable) and education cess.
- 4. The deductor shall furnish the address of the Commissioner of Income-tax (TDS) having jurisdiction as regards TDS statements of the assessee.
- 5. This Form shall be applicable only in respect of tax deducted on or after 1st day of April, 2010.";

(ii) after Form No. 24, the following Form shall be inserted, namely:-

(iii) for Form No. 27D, the following Form shall be substituted, namely:-

				- 4				FORM [See ri												
		Certifica	ate un	der se	ection	206C				_ •	1961 f	or Tax	collec	ted at	sou	rce				
Name a	nd add	ress of the C				·						ame a	-				ecte	e		
			,																	
	PAN o	f the Collect	or		TA	N of	the C	ollecto	r			F	AN of	the C	olle	ctee				
Address	s	CIT(Asses	sment	Year				F	Period				
		••••••				••••		 				\dashv	Fr	om				To		
City	• • • • • • • • •	Piı	n code	•••••	••••	•••••								• .*						
							Su	mmar	y of r	eceipt										
A	Amoun	received/de	bited				N	ature	of rec	eipt				Date	e of	receip	t/de	bit		
						Sum	mary	of tax	colle	cted at	source	;								
Quar	rter	Receipt quarterly	Numb		of of TC	origin		Am	ount	of tax of	collect		espect	of	d	Am eposit			f tax	in
		proviso to 206C														spect				
									~											
		ETAILS OF					7	THRO	UGH	BOOL	K ENT	RY								•
S. No.	inr	Deposited espect of collectee																		
		(Rs.)	BAMS Number given by PAO/CDDO/TO DDO Sequence Number in the Book Adjustment Mini deposited Statement (dd/mm/yyyy)																	
		·																		
																	T	T		
Total			to definite the same	e da arteser	and the speed													T TOTAL		
	II. D	ETAILS OF	TAX	COL	LEC	TED A	AND	DEPO	SITE	D IN T	HE C	ENTR	AL G	OVER	NM	ENT	AC(co	UNT	7
ı	(The	Callagton to		J			J -4-!I			H CH			! 4 .		44	41			`	

S. No.	Tax Deposited respect of the collectee (Rs.	,						C	hall	an i	den	tific	catio	n n	uml	er	(CIN)				
			B	SR C		of th anch	е Ва	nk			d	epo	which site n/y	d			·	Chall	an S	Seria	l Numl	oer
Total			Ur _{ock}	10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			10 mg						116		realis Tal			4 ** *******	The same	
·							V	'erifi	cati	on		99. 518 PU TOUR		entinel #8			**************************************		194	8884 (199	Haring Heath of	debarrari 8 izri-
source ar	tion) do hereby condition) do hereby condition de to the thinglete and correct allable records.	eruiy i	tnat dit o	a su f th	um o e Cei	i Ks. ntral	Gov	ernn	[] ient	Rs . I fu	 ırth	 er c	 erti	 fv tl	(i) vat t	n wo	ords nfor)] ha mati	s be	en c	ollecte	dat
Place									-							-						
Date		•					Sign	atur	e of p	pers	on r	espo	onsil	ole f	or c	ollec	tion	of ta	<u>x</u>			
Designation	on:						Full Nan					***								*		

Notes:

- 1. Government collectors to fill information in item I if tax is paid without production of an income-tax challan and in item II if tax is paid accompanied by an income-tax challan.
- 2. Non-Government collectors to fill information in item II.
- 3. In item I and II, in the column for TCS, give total amount for TCS, Surcharge (if applicable) and education cess.
- 4. The collector shall furnish the address of the Commissioner of Income-tax (TDS) having jurisdiction as regards TCS statements of the assessee.
- 5. This Form shall be applicable only in respect of tax collected on or after 1st day of April, 2010.".

Notification No. 41 /2010

[F.No. 142/27/2009-SO(TPL)]

(Rajesh Kumar Bhoot)
Director (Tax Policy and Legislation)

Note. The principal rules were published vide, Notification No. 969(E), dated the 26th March 1962 and last amended by the Income-tax (5th Amendment) Rules, 2010 vide Notification S.O.1211 (E) dated 21st May, 2010.

" FORM NO. 24G [See rule 30 and rule 37CA] TDS/TCS Book Adjustment Statement

						•								
	 Accounts Officer Identification Number (AIN) Account office name* 				PAO registration Number (provided by Central Record Keeping Agency)									
	Accounts Office Address* Address 1* Address 3 City* PIN code*				Address 2 Address 4 State* Email id *									
	2 Responsible persons details (see note 1) Responsible persons name* Responsible persons Address* Address 1* Address 3 City* PIN code*				Address 2 Address 4 State* Email id * Mobile no. of the responsible person									
	3 Type of statement* Has the statement been filed earier for this Month (Yes/No) If answer to above is "Yes", then Provisional receipt no of original statement													
	4 Category of Deductor for whom statement is being submitted*: Central/State Government	entral/State Governm	ent											
	State Name			Ministry Sub Ministry										
	5 DDO wise details of transfer Vouchers Sa DDO wise details of TDS-Salary (24Q)													
N.S	S.No.* DDO registration no (provided by Central Record Keeping Agency)	opo code	TAN of DDO*	Name of DDO*	Address 1*	Address 2	Address 3 Address 4 City* State* PIN Code*	dress 4 City	* State	PIN Code*	Email id	Tax Deducted/Collected (Sum of Bas_TAX,SUR,EDU_ CESS)*	Total TDS / TCS remitted to Government account (AG/Pr.CCA)*	
T I	151		154	155		156 157	7 158	159 16	160 161	1 162	2 163	164	165	
							+		1					

Sb Total TDS/TCS amount transferred for TDS-Non-Salary (26Q;										٠		
							-			Тах		
S.No.* DDO registration no (provided by Central Record Keeping Agency) DDO code 166	y) DDO code	TAN of DDO*	Name of DDO*	Address 1*					-	Deducted/Collected (Sum of	Total TDS / TCS remitted to	
	167	8 169	9 170	1774	Address 2	dress 3 Ad	dress 4 City	#		Email id CESS)*	CESS)*	
Total					172	173	174 175	75 176		178 179		
Sc Total TDS/TCS amount transferred for TDS-Non-Resident (27Q'							H		#			
		L				-						
5.No.* DDO registration no (provided by Central Record Keeping Agency) DDO code	900 code	TAN of	Name of							Tax Deducted/Collected (Sum of	Total TDS / TCS remitted to	
181	82 183	184	185	Address 1*	Address 2 187	Address 3 Address 4 City• 188 189 190	ress 4 City* 189 190	State*	PIN Code* Em	Email id CESS)* (AG/Pr CCA)*	Government account (AG/Pr CCA)*	
								11		194	195	
Sd Total TDS/TCS amount transferred for TCS (27EQ)				. 15 - 24 8		1	-					
						-	-					
S.No. DDO registration no (provided by Central Record Keeping Agency) DDO code	DDO code	TAN of DDO*	Name of DDO*	Address 1						Tax Deducted/Collected (Sum of	Total TDS / TCS remitted to	
197	7 198	199	200	100		ress 3 Addr	ess 4 City*	Address 3 Address 4 City* State* PIN Code* Email id	Code* Ema	DAS_IAX,SUR,EDU_	Government account	
Total				102	202	203	204 205	506	207	500	210	02
					$\left \cdot \right $	H	H					
6 Statement Summary:												
Count of Distinct DDOs												
Total TDS/TCS amount reported Total TDS/TCS remitted to Government account (AG/Pr CCA)												
		VERIFICATION	_									
	rticulars furnished abow	are correct a	and complete									
	•											
Date:	1	gnature of th	e person res	Signature of the person responsible (see note 1)								

1 Responsible person is the person made responsible in the office of Pay and Accounts Officer (PAO) or Treasury Officer(TO) or Cheque Drawing and Disburshing Officer (CDDO) for filing of this form 2 Payments pertaining to all the nature of payment TDS-Salany(24Q)/TDS-Non-Resident(27Q)/TCS(27EQ) to be furnished in same form 3 Furnishing of either DDO registration no. or DDO code is mandatory.
4 There can be maximum four entries (Nature of deduction wise) per DDO in every month 5 This form shall be applicable only in respect of tax deducted/collected on or after 1st April, 2010 6 The fields marked as * are mandatory.
7 Details of Ministry No. | Mulmistry | Mo. | Mo.

Instry	Civil	Railway	3 Defence	4 Telecommunication	1000
Sr. No. Ministry		2 8	3	4	2

6 Details of Sub Ministry(in case of Civil Ministry)

Sr. No.	Sub Ministry name
-	Agriculture
~	Atomic Energy
m	Fertilizers
4	4 Chemicals and Petrochemicals
15	S Civil Aviation and Tourism
٦	6 Coal
1	7 Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution
~	8 Commerce and Textiles
["	9 Environment and Forests and Ministry of Earth Science
=	10 External Affairs and Overseas Indian Affairs
Π	11 Finance
=	12 Central Board of Direct Taxes
-	13 Central Board of Excise and Customs
٦	14 Contoller of Aid Accounts and Audit
1	15 Central Pension Accounting Office
1	16 Food Processing Industries
-	17 Health and Family Welfare
'	18 Home Affairs and Development of North Eastern Region
	19 Human Resource Development
7	20 Industry
7	21 Information and Broadcasting
_	22 Telecommunication and Information Technology
_	23 Labour
	24 Law and Justice and Company Affairs
ſ	25 Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
	26 Petroleum and Natural Gas
	27 Plannning, Statistics and Programme Implementation
	28 Printer

S. No.	cr No Sub Ministry name
162	New and Renewable Energy
Š.	30 Rural Development and Panchayati Raj
31	Science And Technology
32	32 Space
33	Steel
34	34 Mines
35	Social Justice and Empowerment
36	36 Tribal Affairs
37	D/o Commerce (Supply Division)
38	38 Shipping and Road Transport and Highways
	Urban Development, Urban Employment and
39	39 Poverty Alleviation
8	40 Water Resources
41	President's Secretariat
42	
43	Rajya Sabha secretariat
4	
45	Andaman and Nicobar Islands Administration
A A	46 Chandigarh Administration
47	47 Dadra and Nagar Haveli
84	48 Goa. Daman and Diu
69	49 Lakshadweep
18	50 Pondicherry Administration
15	Pay and Accounts Officers (Audit)
52	
53	Government of NCT of Delhi
	404000

Γ	
Sr. No.	State Name
	I ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS
.,	2 ANDHRA PRADESH
	3 ARUNACHAL PRADESH
1	4 ASSAM
"	SIHAR
	6 CHANDIGARH
``	7 CHATTISHGARH
۳	8 DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI
5	9 DAMAN & DIU
10	DELHI
11	GOA
12	GUJARAT
13	HARYANA
14	HIMACHAL PRADESH
15	JAMMU & KASHMIR
16	16 JHARKHAND
17	KARNATAKA
18	KERALA
19	LAKSHWADEEP
20	20 МАДНУА РВАДЕЅН
21	MAHARASHTRA
22	22 MANIPUR
23	23 MEGHALAYA
24	MIZORAM
25	25 NAGALAND
26	26 ORISSA
27	27 PONDICHERRY
28	PUNJAB
53	RAJASTHAN
30	30 SIKKIM
31	TAMILNADU
32	TRIPURA
33	UTTAR PRADESH
34	UTTARANCHAL
35	WEST BENGAL
Γ	



राजपत्र The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II-खण्ड 3-उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II - Section 3 - Sub-section (ii) प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

14741 No. 1474]

नई दिल्ली, सोमवार, जुलाई 19, 2010/आषाढ़ 28, 1932

NEW DELHI, MONDAY, JULY 19, 2010/ASADHA 28, 1932

वित्त मंत्रालय

(राजस्य विभाग)

(केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड)

शुद्धि-पत्र

नेहें दिल्ली, 19 जुलाई, 2010

आयकर

का.आ. 1736(अ).—भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग (केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड) की अधिसूचना संख्या 41/2010 दिनांक 31 मई, 2010 जिसका का.आ. 1261(अ) है तथा जो भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग II, खण्ड 3, उप-खण्ड (ii), दिनांक 31 मई, 2010 को प्रकाशित हुई थी, में-

- () पृष्ठ 24 में उप-नियम (8) की तीसरी पंक्ति में, पृष्ट 26 पर उप-नियम (7) की चौथी पंक्ति में, पृष्ठ 28 में डप-निग्रम (6) की तीसरी पॅक्ति में, पृष्ठ ३८ ःः प-नियम (7) की तीसरी पॉक्त में तथा, उप-नियम (5) की चौथी की में "(संशोधन)" के स्थान पर "(छठवां संशोधन)" पता माये:
- 📵 राज्यका अधिसूचना के पृष्ठ 31 पर भाग (ख) के 🐞 (🐷) की प्रथम पॅक्ति में "फार्म सं. 12 खख" के **पर "कॉर्म 12 खक"** पढ़ा जाये;
- क्षा के पृष्ट 36 पर मद (1) के शीर्षक में "चालान के माध्यम से" के स्थान पर माध्यम से" पढ़ा जाये;
 - 🛊 पुष्ड 37 पर टिप्पण 5 के पश्चात् **हो अंत:स्थापित किया** जाएगा :—

MARION FROM

"6. संगत तिमाही के दौरान एक से अधिक संदाय/जमा होने पर संदाय के सारांश के लिए अलग से संलग्नक लगाएं:"; और

- (v) राजपत्र अधिसूचना के पृष्ठ 42 पर टिप्पण 5 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित टिप्पण को अंत:स्थापित किया जाएगा :-
 - "6. संगत तिमाही के दौरान एक सं अधिक प्राप्ति/विकलन होने पर प्राप्ति के सारांश के लिए अलग से संलग्नक लगाएं;"।

[अधिसूचना सं. 55/2010/फा. सं. 142/27/2009-अनु. अधि. (टीपीएल)]

राजेश क्मार भूत, निदेशक (कर नीति एवं विधायन)

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue)

(CENTRAL BOARD OF DIRECT TAXES)

CORRIGENDUM

New Delhi, the 19th July, 2010

INCOME-TAX

S.O. 1736(E).—In the Notification of Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue (Central Board of Direct Taxes), number 41/2010, dated 31st May, 2010 bearing S.O. 1261(E) and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (ii), dated 31st May, 2010-

(i) at page 24 in third line of sub-rule (8), at page 26 in fourth line of sub-rule (7), at page 28 in third line

- of sub-rule (6), at page 30 in third line of sub-rule (7) and at page 30 in fourth line of sub-rule (5), for "(Amendment)", read "(6th Amendment)";
- (ii) at page 31 of the Gazette Notification, in first line of Clause (b) of Part B, for "Form No. 12 BB", read "Form No. 12 BA";
- (iii) at page 36 of the Gazette Notification, in second line of the heading of Item I, for "Through Challan", read "Through Book Entry";
- (iv) at page 37 of the Gazette Notification following note shall be inserted after note 5:—
 - "6. Separate annexure may be attached for Summary of payment in case number of payment!

- credit during the relevant quarter is more than one;"; and
- (v) at page 42 of the Gazette Notification following note shall be inserted after note 5:—
 - "6. Separate annexure may be attached for Summary of receipt in case number of receipt/ debit during the relevant quarter is more than one;".
- 2. The other contents of the Gazette Notification shall remain unchanged.

[Notification No. 55/2010/F. No. 142/27/2009-SO (TPL)]
RAJESH KUMAR BHOOT, Director (Tax Policy and Legislation)